
PipelineX

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PIPELINEX OVERVIEW

PipelineX is a Python package to build ML pipelines for experimentation with Kedro, MLflow, and more

PipelineX provides the following options which can be used independently or together.

- HatchDict: Python in YAML/JSON

HatchDict provides extension for YAML/JSON summarized as follows.

Note: HatchDict can be used with or without Kedro.

- Flex-Kedro: Kedro plugin for flexible config

- Flex-Kedro-Pipeline: Kedro plugin for quicker pipeline set up

- Flex-Kedro-Context: Kedro plugin for YAML lovers

- MLflow-on-Kedro: Kedro plugin for MLflow users

MLflow-on-Kedro provides integration of Kedro with [MLflow](#) with Kedro DataSets and Hooks.

Note: You do not need to install MLflow if you do not use.

- Kedro-Extras: Kedro plugin to use various Python packages

Kedro-Extras provides Kedro DataSets, decorators, and wrappers to use various Python packages such as:

- <PyTorch>

- <Ignite>

- <Pandas>

- <OpenCV>

- <Memory Profiler>

- <NVIDIA Management Library>

Note: You do not need to install Python packages you do not use.

Please refer [here](#) to find out how PipelineX differs from other pipeline/workflow packages: Airflow, Luigi, Gokart, Metaflow, and Kedro.

CHAPTER
TWO

INSTALL PIPELINEX

- [Option 1] pip install from the PyPI:

```
pip install pipelinex
```

- [Option 2] development install (will be updated as you modify the source code):

```
git clone https://github.com/Minyus/pipelinex.git
cd pipelinex
python setup.py develop
```

2.1 Prepare Docker environment for PipelineX

```
git clone https://github.com/Minyus/pipelinex.git
cd pipelinex
docker build --tag pipelinex .
docker run --rm -it pipelinex
```


GETTING STARTED WITH PIPELINEX

3.1 Kedro 0.17.x Starter projects

Kedro starters (Cookiecutter templates) to use Kedro, Scikit-learn, MLflow, and PipelineX are available at: [kedro-starters-sklearn](#)

Iris dataset is included and used, but you can easily change to Kaggle Titanic dataset.

3.2 Example/Demo Projects tested with Kedro 0.16.x

- Computer Vision using PyTorch
 - parameters.yml at conf/base/parameters.yml
 - Essential packages: PyTorch, Ignite, Shap, Kedro, MLflow
 - Application: Image classification
 - Data: MNIST images
 - Model: CNN (Convolutional Neural Network)
 - Loss: Cross-entropy
- Kaggle competition using PyTorch
 - parameters.yml at kaggle/conf/base/parameters.yml
 - Essential packages: PyTorch, Ignite, pandas, numpy, Kedro, MLflow
 - Application: Kaggle competition to predict the results of American Football plays
 - Data: Sparse heatmap-like field images and tabular data
 - Model: Combination of CNN and MLP
 - Loss: Continuous Rank Probability Score (CRPS)
- Computer Vision using OpenCV
 - parameters.yml at conf/base/parameters.yml
 - Essential packages: OpenCV, Scikit-image, numpy, TensorFlow (pretrained model), Kedro, MLflow
 - Application: Image processing to estimate the empty area ratio of cuboid container on a truck
 - Data: container images
- Uplift Modeling using CausalLift

- `parameters.yml` at `conf/base/parameters.yml`
- Essential packages: CausalLift, Scikit-learn, XGBoost, pandas, Kedro
- Application: Uplift Modeling to find which customers should be targeted and which customers should not for a marketing campaign (treatment)
- Data: generated by simulation

HATCHDICT: PYTHON IN YAML/JSON

pipelinex.hatch_dict API document

4.1 Import-less Python object (class and function)

YAML is a common text format used for application config files.

YAML's most notable advantage is allowing users to mix 2 styles, block style and flow style.

Example:

```
import yaml
from pprint import pprint # pretty-print for clearer look

# Read parameters dict from a YAML file in actual use
params_yaml="""  
block_style_demo:  
    key1: value1  
    key2: value2  
flow_style_demo: {key1: value1, key2: value2}  
"""
parameters = yaml.safe_load(params_yaml)

print("### 2 styles in YAML ###")
pprint(parameters)
```

```
### 2 styles in YAML ###
{'block_style_demo': {'key1': 'value1', 'key2': 'value2'},
 'flow_style_demo': {'key1': 'value1', 'key2': 'value2'}}
```

To store highly nested (hierarchical) dict or list, YAML is more convenient than hard-coding in Python code.

- YAML's block style, which uses indentation, allows users to omit opening and closing symbols to specify a Python dict or list ({} or []).
- YAML's flow style, which uses opening and closing symbols, allows users to specify a Python dict or list within a single line.

So simply using YAML with Python will be the best way for Machine Learning experimentation?

Let's check out the next example.

Example:

```

import yaml
from pprint import pprint # pretty-print for clearer look

# Read parameters dict from a YAML file in actual use
params_yaml = """
model_kind: LogisticRegression
model_params:
  C: 1.23456
  max_iter: 987
  random_state: 42
"""
parameters = yaml.safe_load(params_yaml)

print("### Before ###")
pprint(parameters)

model_kind = parameters.get("model_kind")
model_params_dict = parameters.get("model_params")

if model_kind == "LogisticRegression":
    from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
    model = LogisticRegression(**model_params_dict)

elif model_kind == "DecisionTree":
    from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
    model = DecisionTreeClassifier(**model_params_dict)

elif model_kind == "RandomForest":
    from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
    model = RandomForestClassifier(**model_params_dict)

else:
    raise ValueError("Unsupported model_kind.")

print("\n### After ###")
print(model)

```

```

### Before ###
{'model_kind': 'LogisticRegression',
 'model_params': {'C': 1.23456, 'max_iter': 987, 'random_state': 42}}

### After ###
LogisticRegression(C=1.23456, class_weight=None, dual=False, fit_intercept=True,
                    intercept_scaling=1, l1_ratio=None, max_iter=987,
                    multi_class='warn', n_jobs=None, penalty='l2',
                    random_state=42, solver='warn', tol=0.0001, verbose=0,
                    warm_start=False)

```

This way is inefficient as we need to add `import` and `if` statements for the options in the Python code in addition to modifying the YAML config file.

Any better way?

PyYAML provides `UnsafeLoader` which can load Python objects without `import`.

```

import yaml
# You do not need `import sklearn.linear_model` using PyYAML's UnsafeLoader

```

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```
# Read parameters dict from a YAML file in actual use
params_yaml = """
model:
  !!python/object:sklearn.linear_model.LogisticRegression
  C: 1.23456
  max_iter: 987
  random_state: 42
"""

parameters = yaml.unsafe_load(params_yaml) # unsafe_load required

model = parameters.get("model")

print("### model object by PyYAML's UnsafeLoader ###")
print(model)
```

```
### model object by PyYAML's UnsafeLoader ###
LogisticRegression(C=1.23456, class_weight=None, dual=None, fit_intercept=None,
                    intercept_scaling=None, l1_ratio=None, max_iter=987,
                    multi_class=None, n_jobs=None, penalty=None, random_state=42,
                    solver=None, tol=None, verbose=None, warm_start=None)
```

PyYAML's `!!python/object` and `!!python/name`, however, has the following problems.

- `!!python/object` or `!!python/name` are too long to write.
- Positional (non-keyword) arguments are apparently not supported.

Any better way?

PipelineX provides the solution.

PipelineX's HatchDict provides an easier syntax, as follows, to convert Python dictionaries read from YAML or JSON files to Python objects without `import`.

- Use `= key` to specify the package, module, and class/function with `.` separator in `foo_package.bar_module.baz_class` format.
- [Optional] Use `_key` to specify (list of) positional arguments (`args`) if any.
- [Optional] Add keyword arguments (`kwargs`) if any.

To return an object instance like PyYAML's `!!python/object`, feed positional and/or keyword arguments. If there is no arguments, just feed null (known as `None` in Python) to `_key`.

To return an uninstantiated (raw) object like PyYAML's `!!python/name`, just feed `= key` without positional nor keyword arguments.

Example:

```
from pipelinex import HatchDict
import yaml
from pprint import pprint # pretty-print for clearer look
# You do not need `import sklearn.linear_model` using PipelineX's HatchDict

# Read parameters dict from a YAML file in actual use
params_yaml=""""
model:
```

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```
=: sklearn.linear_model.LogisticRegression
C: 1.23456
max_iter: 987
random_state: 42
"""
parameters = yaml.safe_load(params_yaml)

model_dict = parameters.get("model")

print("### Before ###")
pprint(model_dict)

model = HatchDict(parameters).get("model")

print("\n### After ###")
print(model)
```

```
### Before ###
{ '=': 'sklearn.linear_model.LogisticRegression',
  'C': 1.23456,
  'max_iter': 987,
  'random_state': 42}

### After ###
LogisticRegression(C=1.23456, class_weight=None, dual=False, fit_intercept=True,
                    intercept_scaling=1, l1_ratio=None, max_iter=987,
                    multi_class='warn', n_jobs=None, penalty='l2',
                    random_state=42, solver='warn', tol=0.0001, verbose=0,
                    warm_start=False)
```

This import-less Python object supports nested objects (objects that receives object arguments) by recursive depth-first search.

For more examples, please see [Use with PyTorch](#) and `parameters.yml` in example/demo projects .

This import-less Python object feature, inspired by the fact that Kedro uses `load_obj` for file I/O (DataSet), uses `load_obj` copied from `kedro.utils` which dynamically imports Python objects using `importlib`, a Python standard library.

4.2 Anchor-less aliasing (self-lookup)

To avoid repeating, YAML natively provides Anchor&Alias [Anchor&Alias](#) feature, and [Jsonnet](#) provides Variable feature to JSON.

Example:

```
import yaml
from pprint import pprint # pretty-print for clearer look

# Read parameters dict from a YAML file in actual use
params_yaml=""""
train_params:
  train_batch_size: &batch_size 32
  val_batch_size: *batch_size
"""

```

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```
parameters = yaml.safe_load(params_yaml)

train_params_dict = parameters.get("train_params")

print("### Conversion by YAML's Anchor&Alias feature ###")
pprint(train_params_dict)

### Conversion by YAML's Anchor&Alias feature ###
{'train_batch_size': 32, 'val_batch_size': 32}
```

Unfortunately, YAML and Jsonnet require a medium to share the same value.

This is why PipelineX provides Anchor-less aliasing feature.

You can directly look up another value in the same YAML/JSON file using “\$” key without an anchor nor variable.

To specify the nested key (key in a dict of dict), use “.” as the separator.

Example:

```
from pipelinex import HatchDict
import yaml
from pprint import pprint # pretty-print for clearer look

# Read parameters dict from a YAML file in actual use
params_yaml="""  
train_params:  
  train_batch_size: 32  
  val_batch_size: ${: train_params.train_batch_size}  
"""
parameters = yaml.safe_load(params_yaml)

train_params_dict = parameters.get("train_params")

print("### Before ###")
pprint(train_params_dict)

train_params = HatchDict(parameters).get("train_params")

print("\n### After ###")
pprint(train_params)
```

```
### Before ###
{'train_batch_size': 32,
 'val_batch_size': {'$': 'train_params.train_batch_size'}}
```

```
### After ###
{'train_batch_size': 32, 'val_batch_size': 32}
```

4.3 Python expression

Strings wrapped in parentheses are evaluated as a Python expression.

```
from pipelinex import HatchDict
import yaml
from pprint import pprint # pretty-print for clearer look

# Read parameters dict from a YAML file in actual use
params_yaml = """
train_params:
    param1_tuple_python: (1, 2, 3)
    param1_tuple_yaml: !!python/tuple [1, 2, 3]
    param2_formula_python: (2 + 3)
    param3_neg_inf_python: (float("-Inf"))
    param3_neg_inf_yaml: -Inf
    param4_float_1e9_python: (1e9)
    param4_float_1e9_yaml: 1.0e+09
    param5_int_1e9_python: (int(1e9))
"""
parameters = yaml.load(params_yaml)

train_params_raw = parameters.get("train_params")

print("### Before ###")
pprint(train_params_raw)

train_paramsConverted = HatchDict(parameters).get("train_params")

print("\n### After ###")
pprint(train_paramsConverted)
```

```
### Before ###
{'param1_tuple_python': '(1, 2, 3)',
 'param1_tuple_yaml': (1, 2, 3),
 'param2_formula_python': '(2 + 3',
 'param3_neg_inf_python': '(float("-Inf"))',
 'param3_neg_inf_yaml': -inf,
 'param4_float_1e9_python': '(1e9',
 'param4_float_1e9_yaml': 1000000000.0,
 'param5_int_1e9_python': '(int(1e9))'

### After ###
{'param1_tuple_python': (1, 2, 3),
 'param1_tuple_yaml': (1, 2, 3),
 'param2_formula_python': 5,
 'param3_neg_inf_python': -inf,
 'param3_neg_inf_yaml': -inf,
 'param4_float_1e9_python': 1000000000.0,
 'param4_float_1e9_yaml': 1000000000.0,
 'param5_int_1e9_python': 1000000000}
```

INTRODUCTION TO KEDRO

5.1 Why the unified data interface framework is needed

Machine Learning projects involves with loading and saving various data in various ways such as:

- files in local/network file system, Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS), Amazon S3, Google Cloud Storage
 - e.g. CSV, JSON, YAML, pickle, images, models, etc.
- databases
 - Postgresql, MySQL etc.
- Spark
- REST API (HTTP(S) requests)

It is often the case that many Machine Learning Engineers code both data loading/saving and data transformation mixed in the same Python module or Jupyter notebook during experimentation/prototyping phase and suffer later on because:

- During experimentation/prototyping, we often want to save the intermediate data after each transformation.
- In production environments, we often want to skip saving data to minimize latency and storage space.
- To benchmark the performance or troubleshoot, we often want to switch the data source.
 - e.g. read image files in local storage or download images through REST API

The proposed solution is the unified data interface.

Here is a simple demo example to predict survival on the [Titanic](#).

Common code to define the tasks/operations/transformations:

```
# Define tasks

def train_model(model, df, cols_features, col_target):
    # train a model here
    return model

def run_inference(model, df, cols_features):
    # run inference here
    return df
```

It is notable that you do *not* need to add any Kedro-related code here to use Kedro later on.

Furthermore, you do *not* need to add any MLflow-related code here to use MLflow later on as Kedro hooks provided by PipelineX can handle behind the scenes.

This advantage enables you to keep your pipelines for experimentation/prototyping/benchmarking production-ready.

1. Plain code:

```
# Configure: can be written in a config file (YAML, JSON, etc.)

train_data_filepath = "data/input/train.csv"
train_data_load_args = {"float_precision": "high"}

test_data_filepath = "data/input/test.csv"
test_data_load_args = {"float_precision": "high"}

pred_data_filepath = "data/load/pred.csv"
pred_data_save_args = {"index": False, "float_format": "%.16e"}

model_kind = "LogisticRegression"
model_params_dict = {
    "C": 1.23456
    "max_iter": 987
    "random_state": 42
}

# Run tasks

import pandas as pd

if model_kind == "LogisticRegression":
    from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
    model = LogisticRegression(**model_params_dict)

train_df = pd.read_csv(train_data_filepath, **train_data_load_args)
model = train_model(model, train_df)

test_df = pd.read_csv(test_data_filepath, **test_data_load_args)
pred_df = run_inference(model, test_df)
pred_df.to_csv(pred_data_filepath, **pred_data_save_args)
```

1. Following the data interface framework, objects with `_load`, and `_save` methods, proposed by [Kedro](#) and supported by PipelineX:

```
# Define a data interface: better ones such as "CSVDataSet" are provided by Kedro

import pandas as pd
from pathlib import Path

class CSVDataSet:
    def __init__(self, filepath, load_args={}, save_args={}):
        self._filepath = filepath
        self._load_args = {}
        self._load_args.update(load_args)
        self._save_args = {"index": False}
        self._save_args.update(save_args)

    def _load(self) -> pd.DataFrame:
        return pd.read_csv(self._filepath, **self._load_args)
```

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```

def _save(self, data: pd.DataFrame) -> None:
    save_path = Path(self._filepath)
    save_path.parent.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
    data.to_csv(str(save_path), **self._save_args)

# Configure data interface: can be written in catalog config file using Kedro

train_dataset = CSVDataSet(
    filepath="data/input/train.csv",
    load_args={"float_precision": "high"},
    # save_args={"float_format": "%.16e"}, # You can set save_args for future use
)

test_dataset = CSVDataSet(
    filepath="data/input/test.csv",
    load_args={"float_precision": "high"},
    # save_args={"float_format": "%.16e"}, # You can set save_args for future use
)

pred_dataset = CSVDataSet(
    filepath="data/load/pred.csv",
    # load_args={"float_precision": "high"}, # You can set load_args for future use
    save_args={"float_format": "%.16e"},
)

model_kind = "LogisticRegression"
model_params_dict = {
    "C": 1.23456
    "max_iter": 987
    "random_state": 42
}
cols_features = [
    "Pclass", # The passenger's ticket class
    "Parch", # # of parents / children aboard the Titanic
]
col_target = "Survived" # Column used as the target: whether the passenger survived
# or not

# Run tasks: can be configured as a pipeline using Kedro
# and can be written in parameters config file using PipelineX

if model_kind == "LogisticRegression":
    from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
    model = LogisticRegression(**model_params_dict)

train_df = train_dataset._load()
model = train_model(model, train_df, cols_features, col_target)

test_df = test_dataset._load()
pred_df = run_inference(model, test_df, cols_features)

pred_dataset._save(pred_df)

```

Just following the data interface framework might be somewhat beneficial in the long run, but not enough.

Let's see what Kedro and PipelineX can do.

5.2 Kedro overview

Kedro is a Python package to develop pipelines consisting of:

- data interface sets (data loading/saving wrappers, called “DataSets”, that follows the unified data interface framework) such as:
 - `pandas.CSVDataSet`: a CSV file in local or cloud (Amazon S3, Google Cloud Storage) utilizing `filesystem_spec (fsspec)`
 - `pickle.PickleDataSet`: a pickle file in local or cloud (Amazon S3, Google Cloud Storage) utilizing `filesystem_spec (fsspec)`
 - `pandas.SQLTableDataSet`: a table data in an SQL database supported by `SQLAlchemy`
 - data interface sets for Spark, Google BigQuery, Feather, HDF, Parquet, Matplotlib, NetworkX, Excel, and more provided by Kedro
 - Custom data interface sets provided by Kedro users
- tasks/operations/transformations (called “Nodes”) provided by Kedro users such as:
 - data pre-processing
 - training a model
 - inference using a model
- inter-task dependency provided by Kedro users

Kedro pipelines can be run sequentially or in parallel.

Regarding Kedro, please see:

- <Kedro’s document>
- <YouTube playlist: Writing Data Pipelines with Kedro>
- <Python Packages for Pipeline/Workflow>

Here is a simple example Kedro project.

```
# catalog.yml

train_df:
    type: pandas.CSVDataSet # short for kedro.extras.datasets.pandas.CSVDataSet
    filepath: data/input/train.csv
    load_args:
        float_precision: high
    # save_args: # You can set save_args for future use
    # float_format": "%.16e"

test_df:
    type: pandas.CSVDataSet # short for kedro.extras.datasets.pandas.CSVDataSet
    filepath: data/input/test.csv
    load_args:
        float_precision: high
    # save_args: # You can set save_args for future use
    # float_format": "%.16e"

pred_df:
    type: pandas.CSVDataSet # short for kedro.extras.datasets.pandas.CSVDataSet
    filepath: data/load/pred.csv
```

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```
# load_args: # You can set load_args for future use
# float_precision: high
save_args:
  float_format: "%.16e"
```

```
# parameters.yml

model:
  !python/object:sklearn.linear_model.LogisticRegression
  C: 1.23456
  max_iter: 987
  random_state: 42
cols_features: # Columns used as features in the Titanic data table
  - Pclass # The passenger's ticket class
  - Parch # # of parents / children aboard the Titanic
col_target: Survived # Column used as the target: whether the passenger survived or ↴not
```

```
# pipeline.py

from kedro.pipeline import Pipeline, node

from my_module import train_model, run_inference

def create_pipeline(**kwargs):
    return Pipeline(
        [
            node(
                func=train_model,
                inputs=["params:model", "train_df", "params:cols_features",
                    ↴"params:col_target"],
                outputs="model",
            ),
            node(
                func=run_inference,
                inputs=["model", "test_df", "params:cols_features"],
                outputs="pred_df",
            ),
        ],
    )
)
```

```
# run.py

from kedro.runner import SequentialRunner

# Set up ProjectContext here

context = ProjectContext()
context.run(pipeline_name="__default__", runner=SequentialRunner())
```

Kedro pipelines can be visualized using `kedro-viz`.

Kedro pipelines can be productionized using:

- `kedro-airflow`: converts a Kedro pipeline into Airflow Python operators.
- `kedro-docker`: builds a Docker image that can run a Kedro pipeline

- `kedro-argo`: converts a Kedro pipeline into an Argo (backend of Kubeflow) pipeline

FLEX-KEDRO: KEDRO PLUGIN FOR FLEXIBLE CONFIG

`pipelinex.flex_kedro` API document

Flex-Kedro provides more options to configure Kedro projects flexibly and thus quickly by KFlex-Kedro-Pipeline and Flex-Kedro-Context features.

6.1 Flex-Kedro-Pipeline: Kedro plugin for quicker pipeline set up

If you want to define Kedro pipelines quickly, you can consider to use `pipelinex.FlexiblePipeline` instead of `kedro.pipeline.Pipeline`. `pipelinex.FlexiblePipeline` adds the following options to `kedro.pipeline.Pipeline`.

- Optionally specify the default Python module (path of .py file) if you want to omit the module name
- Optionally specify the Python function decorator to apply to each node
- For sub-pipelines consisting of nodes of only single input and single output, you can optionally use Sequential API similar to PyTorch (`torch.nn.Sequential`) and Keras (`tf.keras.Sequential`)

An example is available in the Flex-Kedro-Context section.

6.2 Flex-Kedro-Context: Kedro plugin for YAML lovers

If you want to take advantage of YAML more than Kedro supports, you can consider to use `pipelinex.FlexibleContext` instead of `kedro.framework.context.KedroContext`. `pipelinex.FlexibleContext` adds preprocess of `parameters.yml` and `catalog.yml` to `kedro.framework.context.KedroContext` to provide flexibility. This option is for YAML lovers only. If you don't like YAML very much, skip this one.

6.2.1 Define Kedro pipelines in `parameters.yml`

You can define the inter-task dependency (DAG) for Kedro pipelines in `parameters.yml` using `PIPELINES` key. To define each Kedro pipeline, you can use the `kedro.pipeline.Pipeline` or its variant such as `pipelinex.FlexiblePipeline` as shown below.

```
# parameters.yml

PIPELINES:
  __default__:
    := pipelinex.FlexiblePipeline
```

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```
module: # Optionally specify the default Python module so you can omit the module_ ↵name to which functions belongs
decorator: # Optionally specify function decorator(s) to apply to each node
nodes:
  - inputs: ["params:model", "train_df", "params:cols_features", "params:col_target"
    ↵"]
    func: sklearn_demo.train_model
    outputs: model

  - inputs: [model, test_df, "params:cols_features"]
    func: sklearn_demo.run_inference
    outputs: pred_df
```

6.2.2 Configure Kedro run config using RUN_CONFIG key in parameters.yml

- Optionally run nodes in parallel
- Optionally run only missing nodes (skip tasks which have already been run to resume pipeline using the intermediate data files or databases.)

Note: You can use Kedro CLI to overwrite these run configs.

```
# parameters.yml

RUN_CONFIG:
  pipeline_name: __default__
  runner: SequentialRunner # Set to "ParallelRunner" to run in parallel
  only_missing: False # Set True to run only missing nodes
  tags: # None
  node_names: # None
  from_nodes: # None
  to_nodes: # None
  from_inputs: # None
  load_versions: # None
```

6.2.3 Use HatchDict feature in parameters.yml

You can use HatchDict feature in parameters.yml.

```
# parameters.yml

model:
  =: sklearn.linear_model.LogisticRegression
  C: 1.23456
  max_iter: 987
  random_state: 42
cols_features: # Columns used as features in the Titanic data table
  - Pclass # The passenger's ticket class
  - Parch # # of parents / children aboard the Titanic
col_target: Survived # Column used as the target: whether the passenger survived or ↵not
```

6.2.4 Enable caching for Kedro DataSets in catalog.yml

Enable caching using `cached` key set to `True` if you do not want Kedro to load the data from disk/database which were in the memory. (`kedro.io.CachedDataSet` is used under the hood.)

6.2.5 Use HatchDict feature in catalog.yml

You can use HatchDict feature in `catalog.yml`.

MLFLOW-ON-KEDRO: KEDRO PLUGIN FOR MLFLOW USERS

`pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro` API document

7.1 How to use MLflow from Kedro projects

Kedro DataSet and Hooks (callbacks) are provided to use MLflow without adding any MLflow-related code in the node (task) functions.

- Kedro DataSet

– `pipelinex.MLflowDataSet`(<https://github.com/Minyus/pipelinex/blob/master/src/pipelinex/extras/datasets/mlflow/mlflow.py>)

Kedro Dataset that saves data to or loads data from MLflow depending on `dataset` argument as follows.

- * If set to “p”, the value will be saved/loaded as an MLflow parameter (string).
- * If set to “m”, the value will be saved/loaded as an MLflow metric (numeric).
- * If set to “a”, the value will be saved/loaded based on the data type.
 - If the data type is either {float, int}, the value will be saved/loaded as an MLflow metric.
 - If the data type is either {str, list, tuple, set}, the value will be saved/load as an MLflow parameter.
 - If the data type is dict, the value will be flattened with dot (“.”) as the separator and then saved/loaded as either an MLflow metric or parameter based on each data type as explained above.
- * If set to either {"json", "csv", "xls", "parquet", "png", "jpg", "jpeg", "img", "pkl", "txt", "yml", "yaml"}, the backend dataset instance will be created accordingly to save/load as an MLflow artifact.
- * If set to a Kedro DataSet object or a dictionary, it will be used as the backend dataset to save/load as an MLflow artifact.
- * If set to None (default), MLflow logging will be skipped.

Regarding all the options, see the [API document](#)

- Kedro Hooks

- `pipelinex.MLflowBasicLoggerHook`: Configures MLflow logging and logs duration time for the pipeline to MLflow.
- `pipelinex.MLflowArtifactsLoggerHook`: Logs artifacts of specified file paths and dataset names to MLflow.
- `pipelinex.MLflowDataSetsLoggerHook`: Logs datasets of (list of) float/int and str classes to MLflow.

- `pipelinex.MLflowTimeLoggerHook`: Logs duration time for each node (task) to MLflow and optionally visualizes the execution logs as a Gantt chart by `plotly.figure_factory.create_gantt` if `plotly` is installed.
- `pipelinex.AddTransformersHook`: Adds Kedro transformers such as:
 - * `pipelinex.MLflowIOTimeLoggerTransformer`: Logs duration time to load and save each dataset with args:

Regarding all the options, see the [API document](#)

MLflow-ready Kedro projects can be generated by the [Kedro starters](#) (Cookiecutter template) which include the following example config:

```
# catalog.yml

# Write a pickle file & upload to MLflow
model:
  type: pipelinex.MLflowDataSet
  dataset: pkl

# Write a csv file & upload to MLflow
pred_df:
  type: pipelinex.MLflowDataSet
  dataset: csv

# Write an MLflow metric
score:
  type: pipelinex.MLflowDataSet
  dataset: m
```

```
# catalog.py (alternative to catalog.yml)

catalog_dict = {
    "model": MLflowDataSet(dataset="pkl"), # Write a pickle file & upload to MLflow
    "pred_df": MLflowDataSet(dataset="csv"), # Write a csv file & upload to MLflow
    "score": MLflowDataSet(dataset="m") # Write an MLflow metric
}
```

```
# mlflow_config.py

import pipelinex

mlflow_hooks = (
    pipelinex.MLflowBasicLoggerHook(
        uri="sqlite:///mlruns/sqlite.db",
        experiment_name="experiment_001",
        artifact_location="./mlruns/experiment_001",
        offset_hours=0,
    ),
    pipelinex.MLflowCatalogLoggerHook(
        auto=True,
    ),
    pipelinex.MLflowArtifactsLoggerHook(
        filepaths_before_pipeline_run=["conf/base/parameters.yml"],
        filepaths_after_pipeline_run=[
            "logs/info.log",
            "logs/errors.log",
        ],
    ),
)
```

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```

        ],
),
pipelinex.MLflowEnvVarsLoggerHook(
    param_env_vars=[ "HOSTNAME" ],
    metric_env_vars=[ ],
),
pipelinex.MLflowTimeLoggerHook(),
pipelinex.AddTransformersHook(
    transformers=[pipelinex.MLflowIOTimeLoggerTransformer() ],
),
)
)
)

```

7.2 Comparison with `kedro-mlflow` package

Both PipelineX's MLflow-on-Kedro and `kedro-mlflow` provide integration of MLflow to Kedro. Here are the comparisons.

- Features supported by both PipelineX and `kedro-mlflow`
 - Kedro DataSets and Hooks to log (save/upload) artifacts, parameters, and metrics to MLflow.
 - Truncate MLflow parameter values to 250 characters to avoid error due to MLflow parameter length limit.
 - Dict values can be flattened using dot (“.”) as the separator to log each value inside the dict separately.
- Features supported by only PipelineX
 - [Time logging] Option to log execution time for each task (Kedro node) as MLflow metrics
 - [Gantt logging] Option to log Gantt chart HTML file that visualizes execution time using Plotly as an MLflow artifact (inspired by [Apache Airflow](#))
 - [Automatic backend Kedro DataSets for common artifacts] Option to specify a common file extension ({"json", "csv", "xls", "parquet", "png", "jpeg", "img", "pkl", "txt", "yml", "yaml"}) so the Kedro DataSet object will be created behind the scene instead of manually specifying a Kedro DataSet including filepath in the catalog (inspired by [Kedro Wings](#)).
 - [Automatic logging for MLflow parameters and metrics] Option to log each dataset not listed in the catalog as MLflow parameter or metric, instead of manually specifying a Kedro DataSet in the catalog.
 - * If the data type is either {float, int}, the value will be saved/loaded as an MLflow metric.
 - * If the data type is either {str, list, tuple, set}, the value will be saved/load as an MLflow parameter.
 - * If the data type is dict, the value will be flattened with dot (“.”) as the separator and then saved/loaded as either an MLflow metric or parameter based on each data type as explained above.
 - * For example, "data_loading_config": {"train": {"batch_size": 32}} will be logged as MLflow metric of "data_loading_config.train.batch_size": 32
 - [Flexible config per DataSet] For each Kedro DataSet, it is possible to configure differently. For example, a dict value can be logged as an MLflow parameter (string) as is while another one can be logged as an MLflow metric after being flattened.
 - [Direct artifact logging] Option to specify the paths of any data to log as MLflow artifacts after Kedro pipeline runs without using a Kedro DataSet, which is useful if you want to save local files (e.g. info/warning/error log files, intermediate model weights saved by Machine Learning packages such as PyTorch and TensorFlow, etc.)

- [Environment Variable logging] Option to log Environment Variables
- [Downloading] Option to download MLflow artifacts, params, metrics from an existing MLflow experiment run using the Kedro DataSet
- [Up to date] Support for Kedro 0.17.0 (released in Dec 2020) or later
- Features provided by only kedro-mlflow
 - A wrapper for MLflow's `log_model`
 - Configure MLflow logging in a YAML file
 - Option to use MLflow tag or raise error if MLflow parameter values exceed 250 characters

KEDRO-EXTRAS: KEDRO PLUGIN TO USE VARIOUS PYTHON PACKAGES

`pipelinex.extras` API document

Kedro-Extras provides Kedro DataSets and decorators not available in `kedro.extras`.

Contributors who are willing to help preparing the test code and send pull request to Kedro following Kedro's [CONTRIBUTING.md](#) are welcomed.

8.1 Additional Kedro datasets (data interface sets)

`pipelinex.extras.datasets` provides the following Kedro Datasets (data interface sets) mainly for Computer Vision applications using PyTorch/torchvision, OpenCV, and Scikit-image.

- `pipelinex.ImagesLocalDataSet`
 - loads/saves multiple numpy arrays (RGB, BGR, or monochrome image) from/to a folder in local storage using `pillow` package, working like `kedro.extras.datasets.pillow.ImageDataSet` and `kedro.io.PartitionedDataSet` with conversion between numpy arrays and Pillow images.
 - an example project is at [pipelinex_image_processing](#)
- `pipelinex.APIDataset`
 - modified version of `kedro.extras.APIDataset` with more flexible options including downloading multiple contents (such as images and json) by HTTP requests to multiple URLs using `requests` package
 - an example project is at [pipelinex_image_processing](#)
- `pipelinex.AsyncAPIDataset`
 - downloads multiple contents (such as images and json) by asynchronous HTTP requests to multiple URLs using `httpx` package
 - an example project is at [pipelinex_image_processing](#)
- `pipelinex.IterableImagesDataSet`
 - wrapper of `torchvision.datasets.ImageFolder` that loads images in a folder as an iterable data loader to use with PyTorch.
- `pipelinex.PandasProfilingDataSet`
 - generates a pandas dataframe summary report using `pandas-profiling`
- more data interface sets for pandas dataframe summarization/visualization provided by PipelineX

8.2 Additional function decorators for benchmarking

`pipelinex.extras.decorators` provides Python decorators for benchmarking.

- `log_time`
 - logs the duration time of a function (difference of timestamp before and after running the function).
 - Slightly modified version of Kedro's `log_time`
- `mem_profile`
 - logs the peak memory usage during running the function.
 - `memory_profiler` needs to be installed.
 - Slightly modified version of Kedro's `mem_profile`
- `nvml_profile`
 - logs the difference of NVIDIA GPU usage before and after running the function.
 - `pynvml` or `py3nvml` needs to be installed.

```
from pipelinex import log_time
from pipelinex import mem_profile # Need to install memory_profiler for memory_
                                _profiling
from pipelinex import nvml_profile # Need to install pynvml for NVIDIA GPU profiling
from time import sleep
import logging

logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO)

@nvml_profile
@mem_profile
@log_time
def foo_func(i=1):
    sleep(0.5) # Needed to avoid the bug reported at https://github.com/
                →pythonprofilers/memory_profiler/issues/216
    return "a" * i

output = foo_func(100_000_000)
```

```
INFO:pipelinex.decorators.decorators:Running 'foo_func' took 549ms [0.549s]
INFO:pipelinex.decorators.memory_profiler:Running 'foo_func' consumed 579.02MiB_
                                ↬memory at peak time
INFO:pipelinex.decorators.nvml_profiler:Ran: 'foo_func', NVML returned: {'_Driver_'
                                →Version': '418.67', '_NVML_Version': '10.418.67', 'Device_Count': 1, 'Devices': [{'_'
                                →Name': 'Tesla P100-PCIE-16GB', 'Total_Memory': 17071734784, 'Free_Memory':_
                                →17071669248, 'Used_Memory': 65536, 'GPU_Utilization_Rate': 0, 'Memory_Utilization_
                                →Rate': 0}]], Used memory diff: [0]
```

8.3 Use with PyTorch

To develop a simple neural network, it is convenient to use Sequential API (e.g. `torch.nn.Sequential`, `tf.keras.Sequential`).

- Hardcoded:

```
from torch.nn import Sequential, Conv2d, ReLU

model = Sequential(
    Conv2d(in_channels=3, out_channels=16, kernel_size=[3, 3]),
    ReLU(),
)

print("### model object by hard-coding ###")
print(model)
```

```
### model object by hard-coding ###
Sequential(
(0): Conv2d(3, 16, kernel_size=[3, 3], stride=(1, 1))
(1): ReLU()
)
```

- Using import-less Python object feature:

```
from pipelinex import HatchDict
import yaml
from pprint import pprint # pretty-print for clearer look

# Read parameters dict from a YAML file in actual use
params_yaml="""
model:
  := torch.nn.Sequential
  _:
    - {:= torch.nn.Conv2d, in_channels: 3, out_channels: 16, kernel_size: [3, 3]}
    - {:= torch.nn.ReLU, _: {}}
"""
parameters = yaml.safe_load(params_yaml)

model_dict = parameters.get("model")

print("### Before ###")
pprint(model_dict)

model = HatchDict(parameters).get("model")

print("\n### After ###")
print(model)
```

```
### Before ###
{ '=': 'torch.nn.Sequential',
  '_': [{ '=': 'torch.nn.Conv2d',
    'in_channels': 3,
    'kernel_size': [3, 3],
    'out_channels': 16},
```

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```
{
    '=': 'torch.nn.ReLU', '_': None}]]}

### After ###

Sequential(
    (0): Conv2d(3, 16, kernel_size=[3, 3], stride=(1, 1))
    (1): ReLU()
)
```

In addition to Sequential, TensorFlow/Keras provides modules to merge branches such as `tf.keras.layers.concatenate`, but PyTorch provides only functional interface such as `torch.cat`.

PipelineX provides modules to merge branches such as `ModuleConcat`, `ModuleSum`, and `ModuleAvg`.

- Hardcoded:

```
from torch.nn import Sequential, Conv2d, AvgPool2d, ReLU
from pipelinex import ModuleConcat

model = Sequential(
    ModuleConcat(
        Conv2d(in_channels=3, out_channels=16, kernel_size=[3, 3], stride=[2, 2], ↴
        padding=[1, 1]),
        AvgPool2d(kernel_size=[3, 3], stride=[2, 2], padding=[1, 1]),
    ),
    ReLU(),
)
print("### model object by hard-coding ###")
print(model)
```

```
### model object by hard-coding ###
Sequential(
    (0): ModuleConcat(
        (0): Conv2d(3, 16, kernel_size=[3, 3], stride=[2, 2], padding=[1, 1])
        (1): AvgPool2d(kernel_size=[3, 3], stride=[2, 2], padding=[1, 1])
    )
    (1): ReLU()
)
```

- Using import-less Python object feature:

```
from pipelinex import HatchDict
import yaml
from pprint import pprint # pretty-print for clearer look

# Read parameters dict from a YAML file in actual use
params_yaml="""
model:
    := torch.nn.Sequential
    _:
        - := pipelinex.ModuleConcat
            _:
                - {:= torch.nn.Conv2d, in_channels: 3, out_channels: 16, kernel_size: [3, 3], ↴
                    stride: [2, 2], padding: [1, 1]}
                - {:= torch.nn.AvgPool2d, kernel_size: [3, 3], stride: [2, 2], padding: [1, ↴
                    1]}
                - {:= torch.nn.ReLU, _: {}}
"""

```

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```
parameters = yaml.safe_load(params_yaml)

model_dict = parameters.get("model")

print("### Before ###")
pprint(model_dict)

model = HatchDict(parameters).get("model")

print("\n### After ###")
print(model)
```

```
### Before ###
{ '=': 'torch.nn.Sequential',
  '_': [{ '=': 'pipelinex.ModuleConcat',
    '_': [ { '=': 'torch.nn.Conv2d',
      'in_channels': 3,
      'kernel_size': [3, 3],
      'out_channels': 16,
      'padding': [1, 1],
      'stride': [2, 2]},
      { '=': 'torch.nn.AvgPool2d',
        'kernel_size': [3, 3],
        'padding': [1, 1],
        'stride': [2, 2]}]},
    { '=': 'torch.nn.ReLU', '_': None]}

### After ###
Sequential(
  (0): ModuleConcat(
    (0): Conv2d(3, 16, kernel_size=[3, 3], stride=[2, 2], padding=[1, 1])
    (1): AvgPool2d(kernel_size=[3, 3], stride=[2, 2], padding=[1, 1])
  )
  (1): ReLU()
)
```

8.4 Use with PyTorch Ignite

Wrappers of PyTorch Ignite provides most of features available in Ignite, including integration with MLflow, in an easy declarative way.

In addition, the following optional features are available in PipelineX.

- Use only partial samples in dataset (Useful for quick preliminary check before using the whole dataset)
- Time limit for training (Useful for code-only (Kernel-only) Kaggle competitions with time limit)

Here are the arguments for `NetworkTrain`:

```
loss_fn (callable): Loss function used to train.
    Accepts an instance of loss functions at https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/nn.html
    ↪#loss-functions
epochs (int, optional): Max epochs to train
seed (int, optional): Random seed for training.
optimizer (torch.optim, optional): Optimizer used to train.
```

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```

Accepts optimizers at https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/optim.html
optimizer_params (dict, optional): Parameters for optimizer.
train_data_loader_params (dict, optional): Parameters for data loader for training.
    Accepts args at https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/data.html#torch.utils.data.
    ↵DataLoader
val_data_loader_params (dict, optional): Parameters for data loader for validation.
    Accepts args at https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/data.html#torch.utils.data.
    ↵DataLoader
evaluation_metrics (dict, optional): Metrics to compute for evaluation.
    Accepts dict of metrics at https://pytorch.org/ignite/metrics.html
evaluate_train_data (str, optional): When to compute evaluation_metrics using the
    ↵training dataset.
        Accepts events at https://pytorch.org/ignite/engine.html#ignite.engine.Events
evaluate_val_data (str, optional): When to compute evaluation_metrics using the
    ↵validation dataset.
        Accepts events at https://pytorch.org/ignite/engine.html#ignite.engine.Events
progress_update (bool, optional): Whether to show progress bar using tqdm package
scheduler (ignite.contrib.handle.param_scheduler.ParamScheduler, optional): Param
    ↵scheduler.
        Accepts a ParamScheduler at
            https://pytorch.org/ignite/contrib/handlers.html#module-ignite.contrib.handlers.
    ↵param_scheduler
scheduler_params (dict, optional): Parameters for scheduler
model_checkpoint (ignite.handlers.ModelCheckpoint, optional): Model Checkpoint.
    Accepts a ModelCheckpoint at https://pytorch.org/ignite/handlers.html#ignite.handlers.ModelCheckpoint
    ↵handlers.ModelCheckpoint
model_checkpoint_params (dict, optional): Parameters for ModelCheckpoint at
    https://pytorch.org/ignite/handlers.html#ignite.handlers.ModelCheckpoint
early_stopping_params (dict, optional): Parameters for EarlyStopping at
    https://pytorch.org/ignite/handlers.html#ignite.handlers.EarlyStopping
time_limit (int, optional): Time limit for training in seconds.
train_dataset_size_limit (int, optional): If specified, only the subset of training is
    ↵dataset is used.
        Useful for quick preliminary check before using the whole dataset.
val_dataset_size_limit (int, optional): If specified, only the subset of validation is
    ↵dataset is used.
        useful for quick preliminary check before using the whole dataset.
cudnn_deterministic (bool, optional): Value for torch.backends.cudnn.deterministic.
    See https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/notes/randomness.html for details.
cudnn_benchmark (bool, optional): Value for torch.backends.cudnn.benchmark.
    See https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/notes/randomness.html for details.
mlflow_logging (bool, optional): If True and MLflow is installed, MLflow logging is
    ↵enabled.

```

Please see the example code using MNIST dataset prepared based on the original code.

It is also possible to use:

- `FlexibleModelCheckpoint` handler which enables to use timestamp in the model checkpoint file name to clarify which one is the latest.
- `CohenKappaScore` metric which can compute Quadratic Weighted Kappa Metric used in some Kaggle competitions. See `sklearn.metrics.cohen_kappa_score` for details.

It is planned to port some code used with PyTorch Ignite to PyTorch Ignite repository once test and example codes are prepared.

8.5 Use with OpenCV

A challenge of image processing is that the parameters and algorithms that work with an image often do not work with another image. You will want to output intermediate images from each image processing pipeline step for visual check during development, but you will not want to output all the intermediate images to save time and disk space in production.

Wrappers of OpenCV and `ImagesLocalDataSet` are the solution. You can concentrate on developing your image processing pipeline for an image (3-D or 2-D numpy array), and it will run for all the images in a folder.

If you are developing an image processing pipeline consisting of 5 steps and you have 10 images, for example, you can check 10 generated images in each of 5 folders, 50 images in total, during development.

8.6 Use with PyTorch Lightning

(To-do: contributions are welcome.)

8.7 Use with TensorFlow/Keras

(To-do: contributions are welcome.)

**CHAPTER
NINE**

STORY BEHIND PIPELINEX

When I was working on a Deep Learning project, it was very time-consuming to develop the pipeline for experimentation. I wanted 2 features.

First one was an option to resume the pipeline using the intermediate data files instead of running the whole pipeline. This was important for rapid Machine/Deep Learning experimentation.

Second one was modularity, which means keeping the 3 components, task processing, file/database access, and DAG definition, independent. This was important for efficient software engineering.

After this project, I explored for a long-term solution. I researched about 3 Python packages for pipeline development, Airflow, Luigi, and Kedro, but none of these could be a solution.

Luigi provided resuming feature, but did not offer modularity. Kedro offered modularity, but did not provide resuming feature.

After this research, I decided to develop my own package that works on top of Kedro. Besides, I added syntactic sugars including Sequential API similar to Keras and PyTorch to define DAG. Furthermore, I added integration with MLflow, PyTorch, Ignite, pandas, OpenCV, etc. while working on more Machine/Deep Learning projects.

After I confirmed my package worked well with the Kaggle competition, I released it as PipelineX.

**CHAPTER
TEN**

AUTHOR

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CONTRIBUTORS ARE WELCOME!

11.1 How to contribute

Please see [CONTRIBUTING.md](#) for details.

11.2 Contributor list

- <shibuiwilliam>
- <MarchRaBBiT>

CHAPTER
TWELVE

PIPELINEX

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12.1.1 Subpackages

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12.1.1.1.1 Subpackages

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12.1.1.1.1.2 Subpackages

12.1.1.1.1.3 pipelinex.extras.datasets.hpx package

12.1.1.1.1.4 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.5 pipelinex.extras.datasets.hpx.async_api_dataset module

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.hpx.async_api_dataset.AsyncAPIDataSet(url=None,
                                                               method='GET',
                                                               data=None,
                                                               params=None,
                                                               headers=None,
                                                               auth=None,
                                                               timeout=60,
                                                               attributes='',
                                                               skip_errors=False,
                                                               transforms=[],
                                                               session_config={},
                                                               pool_config={'http://':
                                                               {'max_retries': 0,
                                                               'pool_block': False,
                                                               'pool_connections': 10,
                                                               'pool_maxsize': 10},
                                                               'https://':
```

```

pipelinex.extras.datasets.httpx.async_api_dataset.asyncio_run(aw)
async pipelinex.extras.datasets.httpx.async_api_dataset.request_coroutine(session,
                                                               method,
                                                               url,
                                                               re-
                                                               quest_args)

async pipelinex.extras.datasets.httpx.async_api_dataset.requests_coroutine(session_config,
                                                               method,
                                                               url_list,
                                                               re-
                                                               quest_args)

```

12.1.1.1.6 pipelinex.extras.datasets.opencv package

12.1.1.1.7 Submodules

12.1.1.1.8 pipelinex.extras.datasets.opencv.images_dataset module

```

class pipelinex.extras.datasets.opencv.images_dataset.OpenCVImagesLocalDataSet(filepath,
                                                               load_args=None
                                                               save_args=None
                                                               chan-
                                                               nel_first=False,
                                                               ver-
                                                               sion=None)

Bases: kedro.io.core.AbstractVersionedDataSet

__init__(filepath, load_args=None, save_args=None, channel_first=False, version=None)
Creates a new instance of AbstractVersionedDataSet.

```

Parameters

- **filepath** (str) – Filepath in POSIX format to a file.
- **version** (Optional[Version]) – If specified, should be an instance of `kedro.io.core.Version`. If its `load` attribute is `None`, the latest version will be loaded. If its `save` attribute is `None`, save version will be autogenerated.
- **exists_function** – Function that is used for determining whether a path exists in a filesystem.
- **glob_function** – Function that is used for finding all paths in a filesystem, which match a given pattern.

12.1.1.1.9 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas package

12.1.1.1.10 Submodules

12.1.1.1.11 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.csv_local module

`CSVLocalDataSet` loads and saves data to a local csv file. The underlying functionality is supported by pandas, so it supports all allowed pandas options for loading and saving csv files.

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.csv_local.CSVLocalDataSet(filepath,
                                                               load_args=None,
                                                               save_args=None,
                                                               version=None)
```

Bases: `kedro.io.core.AbstractVersionedDataSet`

`CSVLocalDataSet` loads and saves data to a local csv file. The underlying functionality is supported by pandas, so it supports all allowed pandas options for loading and saving csv files.

Example:

```
from kedro.io import CSVLocalDataSet
import pandas as pd

data = pd.DataFrame({'col1': [1, 2], 'col2': [4, 5],
                     'col3': [5, 6]})
data_set = CSVLocalDataSet(filepath="test.csv",
                           load_args=None,
                           save_args={"index": False})
data_set.save(data)
reloaded = data_set.load()

assert data.equals(reloaded)
```

`DEFAULT_LOAD_ARGS: Dict[str, Any] = {}`

`DEFAULT_SAVE_ARGS: Dict[str, Any] = {'index': False}`

`__init__(filepath, load_args=None, save_args=None, version=None)`

Creates a new instance of `CSVLocalDataSet` pointing to a concrete filepath.

Parameters

- `filepath` (str) – path to a csv file.
- `load_args` (Optional[Dict[str, Any]]) – Pandas options for loading csv files. Here you can find all available arguments: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/generated/pandas.read_csv.html All defaults are preserved.
- `save_args` (Optional[Dict[str, Any]]) – Pandas options for saving csv files. Here you can find all available arguments: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/generated/pandas.DataFrame.to_csv.html All defaults are preserved, but “index”, which is set to False.
- `version` (Optional[Version]) – If specified, should be an instance of `kedro.io.core.Version`. If its `load` attribute is None, the latest version will be loaded. If its `save` attribute is None, save version will be autogenerated.

Raises `ValueError` – If ‘filepath’ looks like a remote path.

12.1.1.1.1.12 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.efficient_csv_local module

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.efficient_csv_local.EfficientCSVLocalDataSet (*args,  
                                         pre-  
                                         view_args=  
                                         margin=100.0,  
                                         verbose=True,  
                                         **kwargs)
```

Bases: *pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.csv_local.CSVLocalDataSet*

DEFAULT_LOAD_ARGS: Dict[str, Any] = {'engine': 'c', 'keep_default_na': False, 'na_value': None}

DEFAULT_PREVIEW_ARGS: Dict[str, Any] = {'low_memory': False, 'nrows': None}

__init__ (*args, preview_args=None, margin=100.0, verbose=True, **kwargs)
Creates a new instance of PandasDescribeDataSet pointing to a concrete filepath.

Parameters

- **args** – Positional arguments for CSVLocalDataSet
- **preview_args** (Optional[Dict[str, Any]]) – Arguments passed on to df.describe. See <https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/reference/api/pandas.DataFrame.describe.html> for details.
- **kwargs** – Keyword arguments for CSVLocalDataSet

```
pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.efficient_csv_local.dict_string_val_prefix(d,  
                                         pre-  
                                         fix)
```

```
pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.efficient_csv_local.dict_val_replace_except(d,  
                                         to_except,  
                                         new_value)
```

12.1.1.1.1.13 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.histogram module

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.histogram.HistogramDataSet(filepath,  
                                         save_args=None,  
                                         hist_args=None)
```

Bases: *kedro.io.core.AbstractDataSet*

__init__ (filepath, save_args=None, hist_args=None)
Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

12.1.1.1.1.14 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.pandas_cat_matrix module

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.pandas_cat_matrix.PandasCatMatrixDataSet(*args,  
                                         de-  
                                         scribe_args={},  
                                         **kwargs)
```

Bases: *pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.csv_local.CSVLocalDataSet*

PandasDescribeDataSet saves output of df.describe.

__init__ (*args, describe_args={}, **kwargs)
Creates a new instance of PandasCatMatrixDataSet pointing to a concrete filepath.

Parameters

- **args** – Positional arguments for CSVLocalDataSet
- **describe_args** (Dict[str, Any]) – Arguments passed on to df.describe. See <https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/reference/api/pandas.DataFrame.describe.html> for details.
- **kwargs** – Keyword arguments for CSVLocalDataSet

12.1.1.1.1.15 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.pandas_describe module

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.pandas_describe.PandasDescribeDataSet (*args,
de-
scribe_args={}, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas.csv_local.CSVLocalDataSet*

PandasDescribeDataSet saves output of df.describe.

```
__init__ (*args, describe_args={}, **kwargs)
```

Creates a new instance of PandasDescribeDataSet pointing to a concrete filepath.

Parameters

- **args** – Positional arguments for CSVLocalDataSet
- **describe_args** (Dict[str, Any]) – Arguments passed on to df.describe. See <https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/reference/api/pandas.DataFrame.describe.html> for details.
- **kwargs** – Keyword arguments for CSVLocalDataSet

12.1.1.1.1.16 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas_profiling package

12.1.1.1.1.17 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.18 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas_profiling.pandas_profiling module

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.pandas_profiling.pandas_profiling.PandasProfilingDataSet (fil
sa
sa
pl
ve
sic
```

Bases: *kedro.io.core.AbstractVersionedDataSet*

PandasProfilingDataSet is an AbstractVersionedDataSet to generate pandas profiling report. See <https://github.com/pandas-profiling/pandas-profiling> for details.

```
DEFAULT_SAVE_ARGS: Dict[str, Any] = {}
```

```
__init__ (filepath, save_args=None, sample_args=None, version=None)
```

Creates a new instance of PandasProfilingDataSet pointing to a concrete filepath.

Parameters

- **filepath** (str) – path to a local yaml file.

- **save_args** (Optional[Dict[str, Any]]) – Arguments passed on to `df.profile_report` such as title. See <https://pandas-profiling.github.io/pandas-profiling/docs/> for details. See https://github.com/pandas-profiling/pandas-profiling/blob/master/pandas_profiling/config_default.yaml for default values.
- **sample_args** (Optional[Dict[str, Any]]) – Arguments passed on to `df.sample`. See <https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/reference/api/pandas.DataFrame.sample.html> for details.
- **version** (Optional[Version]) – If specified, should be an instance of `kedro.io.core.Version`. If its `load` attribute is `None`, the latest version will be loaded. If its `save` attribute is `None`, save version will be autogenerated.

12.1.1.1.1.19 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pillow package

12.1.1.1.1.20 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.21 pipelinex.extras.datasets.pillow.images_dataset module

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.pillow.images_dataset.ImagesLocalDataSet(path,
                           load_args=None,
                           save_args={'suffix':
                                      'jpg'},
                           channel_first=False,
                           reverse_color=False,
                           version=None)
```

Bases: `kedro.io.core.AbstractVersionedDataSet`

Loads/saves a dict of numpy 3-D or 2-D arrays from/to a folder containing images.

Works like `kedro.extras.datasets.pillow.ImageDataSet` and `kedro.io.PartitionedDataSet` with conversion between numpy arrays and Pillow images.

```
__init__(path, load_args=None, save_args={'suffix': 'jpg'}, channel_first=False, reverse_color=False, version=None)
```

Parameters

- **path** (str) – The folder path containing images
- **load_args** (Optional[Dict[str, Any]]) – Args fed to <https://pillow.readthedocs.io/en/stable/reference/Image.html#PIL.Image.open>
- **save_args** (Dict[str, Any]) – Args, e.g.
 - **suffix**: file suffix such as “.jpg”
 - **upper**: optionally used as the upper pixel value corresponding to 0xFF (255) for linear scaling to ensure the pixel value is between 0 and 255.
 - **lower**: optionally used as the lower pixel value corresponding to 0x00 (0) for linear scaling to ensure the pixel value is between 0 and 255.
 - **mode**: fed to <https://pillow.readthedocs.io/en/stable/reference/Image.html#PIL.Image.fromarray>

- Any other args fed to <https://pillow.readthedocs.io/en/stable/reference/Image.html#PIL.Image.Image.save>
- **channel_first** – If true, the first dimension of 3-D array is treated as channel (color) as in PyTorch. If false, the last dimension of the 3-D array is treated as channel (color) as in TensorFlow, Pillow, and OpenCV.
- **reverse_color** – If true, the order of channel (color) is reversed (RGB to BGR when loading, BGR to RGB when saving). Set true to use packages such as OpenCV which uses BGR order natively.
- **version** (Optional[Version]) – If specified, should be an instance of `kedro.io.core.Version`. If its `load` attribute is None, the latest version will be loaded. If its `save` attribute is None, save version will be autogenerated.

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.pillow.images_dataset.Np3DArrDataset(a)
```

Bases: object

```
__init__(a)
```

Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.pillow.images_dataset.Np3DArrDatasetFromList(a,
```

trans-
form=None)

Bases: object

```
__init__(a, transform=None)
```

Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

```
pipelinex.extras.datasets.pillow.images_dataset.load_image(load_path, load_args,
```

as_numpy=False,
channel_first=False,
reverse_color=False)

```
pipelinex.extras.datasets.pillow.images_dataset.scale(**kwargs)
```

12.1.1.1.1.22 pipelinex.extras.datasets.requests package

12.1.1.1.1.23 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.24 pipelinex.extras.datasets.requests.api_dataset module

APIDataSet loads the data from HTTP(S) APIs and returns them into either as string or json Dict. It uses the python requests library: <https://requests.readthedocs.io/en/master/>

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.requests.api_dataset.APIDataSet(url=None,
                                                               method='GET',
                                                               data=None,
                                                               params=None,
                                                               head-
                                                               ers=None,
                                                               auth=None,
                                                               timeout=60,
                                                               attribute="",
                                                               skip_errors=False,
                                                               trans-
                                                               forms=[], ses-
                                                               sion_config={},
                                                               pool_config={'http://':
                                                               {'max_retries':
                                                               0,
                                                               'pool_block':
                                                               False,
                                                               'pool_connections':
                                                               10,
                                                               'pool_maxsize':
                                                               10}, 'https://':
                                                               {'max_retries':
                                                               0,
                                                               'pool_block':
                                                               False,
                                                               'pool_connections':
                                                               10,
                                                               'pool_maxsize':
                                                               10}})
```

Bases: `kedro.io.core.AbstractDataSet`

`APIDataSet` loads the data from HTTP(S) APIs. It uses the python requests library: <https://requests.readthedocs.io/en/master/>

Example:

```
from kedro.extras.datasets.api import APIDataSet

data_set = APIDataSet(
    url="https://quickstats.nass.usda.gov"
    params={
        "key": "SOME_TOKEN",
        "format": "JSON",
        "commodity_desc": "CORN",
        "statisticcat_des": "YIELD",
        "agg_level_desc": "STATE",
        "year": 2000
    }
)
data = data_set.load()
```

```
__init__(url=None, method='GET', data=None, params=None, headers=None, auth=None,
         timeout=60, attribute='', skip_errors=False, transforms=[], session_config={},
         pool_config={'http://': {'max_retries': 0, 'pool_block': False, 'pool_connections': 10,
                               'pool_maxsize': 10}, 'https://': {'max_retries': 0, 'pool_block': False, 'pool_connections':
                               10, 'pool_maxsize': 10}})
```

Creates a new instance of APIDataSet to fetch data from an API endpoint.

Parameters

- **url** (Union[str, List[str], Dict[str, str], None]) – The API URL endpoint.
- **method** (str) – The Method of the request, GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, HEAD, etc...
- **data** (Optional[Any]) – The request payload, used for POST, PUT, etc requests <https://requests.readthedocs.io/en/master/user/quickstart/#more-complicated-post-requests>
- **params** (Optional[Dict[str, Any]]) – The url parameters of the API. <https://requests.readthedocs.io/en/master/user/quickstart/#passing-parameters-in-urls>
- **headers** (Optional[Dict[str, Any]]) – The HTTP headers. <https://requests.readthedocs.io/en/master/user/quickstart/#custom-headers>
- **auth** (Union[Tuple[str], AuthBase, None]) – Anything requests accepts. Normally it's either ('login', 'password'), or AuthBase, HTTPBasicAuth instance for more complex cases.
- **timeout** (int) – The wait time in seconds for a response, defaults to 1 minute. <https://requests.readthedocs.io/en/master/user/quickstart/#timeouts>
- **attribute** (str) – The attribute of response to return. Normally it's either *text*, which returns pure text, `json`, which returns JSON in Python Dict format, *content*, which returns a raw content, or `` (empty string), which returns the response object itself. Defaults to `` (empty string).
- **skip_errors** (bool) – If True, exceptions will not interrupt loading data and be returned instead of the expected responses by _load method. Defaults to False.
- **transforms** (List[callable]) – List of callables to transform the output.
- **session_config** (Dict[str, Any]) – Dict of arguments fed to the session.
- **pool_config** (Dict[str, Dict[str, Any]]) – Dict of mounting prefix key to Dict of requests.adapters.HTTPAdapter param key to value. <https://requests.readthedocs.io/en/master/user/advanced/#transport-adapters https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/advanced-usage.html>

12.1.1.1.1.25 pipelinex.extras.datasets.seaborn package

12.1.1.1.1.26 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.27 pipelinex.extras.datasets.seaborn.seaborn_pairplot module

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.seaborn.seaborn_pairplot.SeabornPairPlotDataSet (filepath,  

    save_args=None,  

    sample_args=None,  

    version=None)
```

Bases: `kedro.io.core.AbstractVersionedDataSet`

DEFAULT_SAVE_ARGS: `Dict[str, Any] = {}`

__init__ (*filepath*, *save_args=None*, *sample_args=None*, *version=None*)
Creates a new instance of `AbstractVersionedDataSet`.

Parameters

- **filepath** (`str`) – Filepath in POSIX format to a file.
- **version** (`Optional[Version]`) – If specified, should be an instance of `kedro.io.core.Version`. If its `load` attribute is `None`, the latest version will be loaded. If its `save` attribute is `None`, save version will be autogenerated.
- **exists_function** – Function that is used for determining whether a path exists in a filesystem.
- **glob_function** – Function that is used for finding all paths in a filesystem, which match a given pattern.

12.1.1.1.1.28 pipelinex.extras.datasets.torchvision package

12.1.1.1.1.29 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.30 pipelinex.extras.datasets.torchvision.iterable_images_dataset module

```
class pipelinex.extras.datasets.torchvision.iterable_images_dataset.IterableImagesDataSet (file,  

    load_args=None,  

    save_args=None,  

    version=None)
```

Bases: `kedro.io.core.AbstractVersionedDataSet`

Loads a folder containing images as an iterable. Wrapper of: <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/torchvision/datasets.html#imagefolder>

__init__ (*filepath*, *load_args=None*, *save_args=None*, *version=None*)

Parameters

- **filepath** (`str`) – `root` fed to: <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/torchvision/datasets.html#imagefolder>
- **load_args** (`Optional[Dict[str, Any]]`) – Args fed to: <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/torchvision/datasets.html#imagefolder>

- **save_args** (Optional[Dict[str, Any]]) – Ignored as saving is not supported.
- **version** (Optional[Version]) – If specified, should be an instance of `kedro.io.core.Version`. If its `load` attribute is `None`, the latest version will be loaded.

12.1.1.1.31 Submodules

12.1.1.1.32 pipelinex.extras.datasets.core module

12.1.1.1.33 pipelinex.extras.decorators package

12.1.1.1.34 Submodules

12.1.1.1.35 pipelinex.extras.decorators.decorators module

`pipelinex.extras.decorators.decorators.log_time(func)`

A function decorator which logs the time taken for executing a function.

Parameters `func` (Callable) – The function to be logged.

Return type Callable

Returns A wrapped function, which will execute the provided function and log the running time.

12.1.1.1.36 pipelinex.extras.decorators.memory_profiler module

`pipelinex.extras.decorators.memory_profiler.mem_profile(func)`

A function decorator which profiles the memory used when executing the function. The logged memory is collected by using the `memory_profiler` python module and includes memory used by children processes. The usage is collected by taking memory snapshots every 100ms. This decorator will only work with functions taking at least 0.5s to execute due to a bug in the `memory_profiler` python module. For more information about the bug, please see https://github.com/pythonprofilers/memory_profiler/issues/216

Parameters `func` (Callable) – The function to be profiled.

Return type Callable

Returns A wrapped function, which will execute the provided function and log its max memory usage upon completion.

12.1.1.1.37 pipelinex.extras.decorators.nvml_profiler module

`pipelinex.extras.decorators.nvml_profiler.get_nv_info()`

`pipelinex.extras.decorators.nvml_profiler.nvml_profile(func)`

Return type Callable

12.1.1.1.1.38 pipelinex.extras.decorators.pandas_decorators module

`pipelinex.extras.decorators.pandas_decorators.df_set_index(cols)`
decorator with arguments

Return type Callable

`pipelinex.extras.decorators.pandas_decorators.log_df_summary(func)`

Return type Callable

`pipelinex.extras.decorators.pandas_decorators.total_seconds_to_datetime(cols,`
`origin='1970-`
`01-`
`01')`

decorator with arguments

Return type Callable

12.1.1.1.1.39 pipelinex.extras.hooks package

12.1.1.1.1.40 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.41 pipelinex.extras.hooks.add_catalog_dict module

`class` `pipelinex.extras.hooks.add_catalog_dict.AddCatalogDictHook(catalog_dict)`
Bases: object

Hook to add data sets.

`__init__(catalog_dict)`

Parameters `catalog_dict` (Dict[str, AbstractDataSet]) – catalog_dict to add.

`after_catalog_created(catalog)`

Return type None

12.1.1.1.1.42 pipelinex.extras.hooks.add_transformers module

`class` `pipelinex.extras.hooks.add_transformers.AddTransformersHook(transformers)`
Bases: object

Hook to add transformers.

`__init__(transformers)`

Parameters `transformers` (Union[AbstractTransformer, List[AbstractTransformer], Tuple[AbstractTransformer]]) – transformers to add.

`after_catalog_created(catalog)`

Return type None

12.1.1.1.1.43 `pipelinex.extras.ops` package

12.1.1.1.1.44 Subpackages

12.1.1.1.1.45 `pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite` package

12.1.1.1.1.46 Subpackages

12.1.1.1.1.47 `pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.declaratives` package

12.1.1.1.1.48 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.49 `pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.declaratives.declarative_trainer` module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.declaratives.declarative_trainer.NetworkTrain(loss_fn=None,
    epochs=None,
    seed=None,
    op-
    ti-
    mizer=None,
    op-
    ti-
    mizer_params=
    train_data_load-
    val_data_load-
    eval-
    u-
    a-
    tion_metrics=N
    eval-
    u-
    ate_train_data-
    eval-
    u-
    ate_val_data=N
    progress_update-
    sched-
    uler=None,
    sched-
    uler_params={},
    model_checkpoint-
    model_checkpoint-
    early_stopping-
    time_limit=None,
    train_dataset_siz-
    val_dataset_siz-
    cudnn_determin-
    cudnn_benchma-
    mlflow_logging-
    train_params=
```

Bases: `object`

Create a trainer for a supervised PyTorch model.

Parameters

- **loss_fn** (*callable*) – Loss function used to train. Accepts an instance of loss functions at <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/mn.html#loss-functions>
- **epochs** (*int, optional*) – Max epochs to train
- **seed** (*int, optional*) – Random seed for training.
- **optimizer** (*torch.optim, optional*) – Optimizer used to train. Accepts optimizers at <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/optim.html>
- **optimizer_params** (*dict, optional*) – Parameters for optimizer.
- **train_data_loader_params** (*dict, optional*) – Parameters for data loader for training. Accepts args at <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/data.html#torch.utils.data.DataLoader>
- **val_data_loader_params** (*dict, optional*) – Parameters for data loader for validation. Accepts args at <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/data.html#torch.utils.data.DataLoader>
- **evaluation_metrics** (*dict, optional*) – Metrics to compute for evaluation. Accepts dict of metrics at <https://pytorch.org/ignite/metrics.html>
- **evaluate_train_data** (*str, optional*) – When to compute evaluation_metrics using training dataset. Accepts events at <https://pytorch.org/ignite/engine.html#ignite.engine.Events>
- **evaluate_val_data** (*str, optional*) – When to compute evaluation_metrics using validation dataset. Accepts events at <https://pytorch.org/ignite/engine.html#ignite.engine.Events>
- **progress_update** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to show progress bar using tqdm package
- **scheduler** (*ignite.contrib.handlers.param_scheduler.ParamScheduler, optional*) – Param scheduler. Accepts a ParamScheduler at https://pytorch.org/ignite/contrib/handlers.html#module-ignite.contrib.handlers.param_scheduler
- **scheduler_params** (*dict, optional*) – Parameters for scheduler
- **model_checkpoint** (*ignite.handlers.ModelCheckpoint, optional*) – Model Checkpoint. Accepts a ModelCheckpoint at <https://pytorch.org/ignite/handlers.html#ignite.handlers.ModelCheckpoint>
- **model_checkpoint_params** (*dict, optional*) – Parameters for ModelCheckpoint at <https://pytorch.org/ignite/handlers.html#ignite.handlers.ModelCheckpoint>
- **early_stopping_params** (*dict, optional*) – Parameters for EarlyStopping at <https://pytorch.org/ignite/handlers.html#ignite.handlers.EarlyStopping>
- **time_limit** (*int, optioinal*) – Time limit for training in seconds.
- **train_dataset_size_limit** (*int, optional*) – If specified, only the subset of training dataset is used. Useful for quick preliminary check before using the whole dataset.

- **val_dataset_size_limit** (*int, optional*) – If specified, only the subset of validation dataset is used. useful for quick preliminary check before using the whole dataset.
- **cudnn_deterministic** (*bool, optional*) – Value for torch.backends.cudnn.deterministic. See <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/notes/randomness.html> for details.
- **cudnn_benchmark** (*bool, optional*) – Value for torch.backends.cudnn.benchmark. See <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/notes/randomness.html> for details.
- **mlflow_logging** (*bool, optional*) – If True and MLflow is installed, MLflow logging is enabled.

Returns a callable to train a PyTorch model.

Return type trainer (callable)

```
__init__(loss_fn=None, epochs=None, seed=None, optimizer=None, optimizer_params={},  
train_data_loader_params={}, val_data_loader_params={}, evaluation_metrics=None,  
evaluate_train_data=None, evaluate_val_data=None, progress_update=None, scheduler=None,  
scheduler_params={}, model_checkpoint=None, model_checkpoint_params={},  
early_stopping_params={}, time_limit=None, train_dataset_size_limit=None,  
val_dataset_size_limit=None, cudnn_deterministic=None, cudnn_benchmark=None,  
mlflow_logging=True, train_params={})
```

Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

12.1.1.1.50 pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.handlers package

12.1.1.1.51 Submodules

12.1.1.1.52 pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.handlers.flexible_checkpoint module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.handlers.flexible_checkpoint.FlexibleModelCheckpoint(dirname,  
file_name, offset_hours=0, file_format=None, suffix_format=None, *args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.handlers.flexible_checkpoint.
ModelCheckpoint

```
__init__(dirname, filename_prefix, offset_hours=0, filename_format=None, suffix_format=None,  
*args, **kwargs)
```

Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

12.1.1.1.1.53 pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.handlers.time_limit module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.handlers.time_limit.TimeLimit (limit_sec=3600)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (limit_sec=3600)
        Time limit for training.
```

Parameters *limit_sec* (*int*, *optional*) – Time limit in seconds. Defaults to 3600.

12.1.1.1.1.54 pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.metrics package

12.1.1.1.1.55 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.56 pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.metrics.cohen_kappa_score module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.metrics.cohen_kappa_score.CohenKappaScore (*args,
                                         **kwargs)
    Bases: ignite.metrics.metric.Metric
```

Calculates the cohen kappa score. - *update* must receive output of the form (*y_pred*, *y*) or {'*y_pred*': *y_pred*, '*yy*}.

```
__init__ (*args, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.
```

```
compute ()
    Computes the metric based on it's accumulated state.
```

By default, this is called at the end of each epoch.

Returns

the actual quantity of interest. However, if a Mapping is returned, it will be (shallow) flattened into *engine.state.metrics* when *completed()* is called.

Return type

Any
Raises **NotComputableError** – raised when the metric cannot be computed.

```
reset ()
```

Resets the metric to it's initial state.

By default, this is called at the start of each epoch.

Return type

None

```
update (output)
```

Updates the metric's state using the passed batch output.

By default, this is called once for each batch.

Parameters *output* (Sequence[Tensor]) – the is the output from the engine's process function.

Return type

None

12.1.1.1.1.57 pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.metrics.fbeta_score module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.metrics.fbeta_score.FbetaScore(beta=1, output_transform=<function FbetaScore.<lambda>>, core.<lambda>>, average='macro', is_multilabel=False, device=None)
```

Bases: ignite.metrics.metric.Metric

```
__init__(beta=1, output_transform=<function FbetaScore.<lambda>>, average='macro', is_multilabel=False, device=None)
```

Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

```
compute()
```

Computes the metric based on it's accumulated state.

By default, this is called at the end of each epoch.

Returns

the actual quantity of interest. However, if a Mapping is returned, it will be (shallow) flattened into `engine.state.metrics` when `completed()` is called.

Return type

Any

Raises `NotComputableError` – raised when the metric cannot be computed.

```
reset()
```

Resets the metric to it's initial state.

By default, this is called at the start of each epoch.

Return type

None

```
update(output)
```

Updates the metric's state using the passed batch output.

By default, this is called once for each batch.

Parameters `output` (Sequence[`Tensor`]) – the is the output from the engine's process function.

Return type

None

12.1.1.1.1.58 pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.metrics.utils module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.ignite.metrics.utils.ClassificationOutputTransform (num_classes=None)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (num_classes=None)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.
```

12.1.1.1.1.59 Submodules

12.1.1.1.1.60 pipelinex.extras.ops.allennlp_ops module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.allennlp_ops.AllennlpReaderToDict (**kwargs)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (**kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.
```

12.1.1.1.1.61 pipelinex.extras.ops argparse_ops module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.argparse_ops.FeedArgsDict (func, args={}, force_return=None)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (func, args={}, force_return=None)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.
```

`pipelinex.extras.ops.argparse_ops.namespace(d)`

12.1.1.1.1.62 pipelinex.extras.ops.numpy_ops module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.numpy_ops.ReverseChannel (channel_first=False)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (channel_first=False)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.
```

`pipelinex.extras.ops.numpy_ops.reverse_channel(a, channel_first=False)`

`pipelinex.extras.ops.numpy_ops.to_channel_first_arr(a)`

`pipelinex.extras.ops.numpy_ops.to_channel_last_arr(a)`

12.1.1.1.1.63 pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvBGR2Gray (*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

    __init__ (*args, **kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.
```

`fn = 'cvtColor'`

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvBGR2HSV (*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict
```

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

fn = 'cvtColor'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvBilateralFilter(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'bilateralFilter'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvBlur(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'blur'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvBoxFilter(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'boxFilter'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvCanny(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'Canny'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvCvtColor(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'cvtColor'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDiagonalEdgeFilter2d(kernel_type=2,
                                                               **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleL2

__init__(kernel_type=2, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.utils.DictToDict

module = <module 'cv2.cv2' from '/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/pipelineX/branch/0.6.0/_venv/lib/python3.7/site-packages/cv2/__init__.py'>

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDilate(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'dilate'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvEqualizeHist(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'equalizeHist'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvErode(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'erode'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvFilter2d(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'filter2D'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvGaussianBlur(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

fn = 'GaussianBlur'
```

```

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvHoughLinesP (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict
        fn = 'HoughLinesP'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvLine (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict
        fn = 'line'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvMedianBlur (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict
        fn = 'medianBlur'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleConcat (*modules)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleListMerge

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleL1 (*modules)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleStack

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleL2 (*modules)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleStack

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleListMerge (*modules)
    Bases: object

    __init__(*modules)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleMean (*modules)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleStack

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleStack (*modules)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleListMerge

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleSum (*modules)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvModuleStack

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvResize (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict
        fn = 'resize'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvScale (width, height)
    Bases: object

    __init__(width, height)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvSobel (ddepth='CV_64F', **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

    __init__(ddepth='CV_64F', **kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

        fn = 'Sobel'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvThreshold (type='THRESH_BINARY',
                                                 **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.CvDictToDict

    __init__(type='THRESH_BINARY', **kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

        fn = 'threshold'

```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpAbs (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'abs'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpConcat (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'concatenate'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.utils.DictToDict
    module = <module 'numpy' from '/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/pipelinenex/branch/0.6.0/lib/python3.7/site-packages/numpy/__init__.py'>

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpFullLike (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'full_like'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpMean (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'mean'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpOnesLike (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'ones_like'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpSqrt (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'sqrt'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpSquare (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'square'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpStack (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'stack'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpSum (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'sum'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpZerosLike (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.NpDictToDict
    fn = 'zeros_like'

pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.expand_repeat (a, repeats=1, axis=None)
pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.fit_to_1 (a)
pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.fit_to_uint8 (a)
pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.mix_up (*imgs)
pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.overlay (*imgs)
pipelinex.extras.ops.opencv_ops.sum_up (*imgs)
```

12.1.1.1.1.64 pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfAddRowStat (**kwargs)
    Bases: object

    __init__(**kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfAgg(groupby=None, columns=None, keep_others=False, method=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask
    method = 'agg'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfAggregate(groupby=None, columns=None, keep_others=False, method=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask
    method = 'aggregate'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfApply(groupby=None, columns=None, keep_others=False, method=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask
    method = 'apply'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfApplymap(groupby=None, columns=None, keep_others=False, method=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask
    method = 'applymap'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfAssignColumns(names=None, name_fmt='{:03d}')
    Bases: object

    __init__(names=None, name_fmt='{:03d}')
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseMethod(**kwargs)
    Bases: object

    __init__(**kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

    method = None

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask(groupby=None, columns=None, keep_others=False, method=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: object

    __init__(groupby=None, columns=None, keep_others=False, method=None, **kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

    method = None

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfColApply(func, **kwargs)
    Bases: object
```

```
__init__(func, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfConcat (new_col_name=None,
                                                new_col_values=None, col_id=None,
                                                sort=False)
Bases: object

__init__(new_col_name=None, new_col_values=None, col_id=None, sort=False)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfCondReplace (flag, columns, value=nan, replace_if_flag=True, **kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__(flag, columns, value=nan, replace_if_flag=True, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfDrop (**kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseMethod

method = 'drop'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfDropDuplicates (**kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseMethod

method = 'drop_duplicates'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfDropFilter (**kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__(**kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfDtypesApply (func, **kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__(func, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfDuplicate (columns)
Bases: object

__init__(columns)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfEval (expr, parser='pandas', engine=None, true_div=True)
Bases: object

__init__(expr, parser='pandas', engine=None, truediv=True)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfEwm (groupby=None, columns=None, keep_others=False, method=None, **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

method = 'ewm'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfExpanding (groupby=None, columns=None, keep_others=False, method=None, **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask
```

```

method = 'expanding'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfFillna (groupby=None,           columns=None,
                                                 keep_others=False,      method=None,
                                                 **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

method = 'fillna'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfFilter (groupby=None,           columns=None,
                                                 keep_others=False,      method=None,
                                                 **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfFilterCols (groupby=None,   columns=None,
                                                       keep_others=False,
                                                       method=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfFilter

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DFFocusTransform (focus,          columns,
                                                       groupby=None,
                                                       keep_others=False,
                                                       func='max', **kwargs)
    Bases: object

__init__(focus, columns, groupby=None, keep_others=False, func='max', **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfGetColIndexes (**kwargs)
    Bases: object

__init__(**kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfGetCols
    Bases: object

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfGetDummies (**kwargs)
    Bases: object

__init__(**kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfGroupby (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseMethod

method = 'groupby'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfHead (groupby=None,           columns=None,
                                                 keep_others=False,      method=None,
                                                 **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

method = 'head'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfMap (arg, prefix='', suffix='', **kwargs)
    Bases: object

__init__(arg, prefix='', suffix='', **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfMerge (**kwargs)
    Bases: object

```

```
__init__(**kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfNgroup(groupby=None,           columns=None,
                                                keep_others=False,      method=None,
                                                **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

method = 'ngroup'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfPipe(groupby=None,           columns=None,
                                                keep_others=False,      method=None,
                                                **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

method = 'pipe'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfQuery(**kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseMethod

method = 'query'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfRelative(focus, columns, groupby=None)
Bases: object

__init__(focus, columns, groupby=None)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfRename(index=None,             columns=None,
                                                copy=True, level=None)
Bases: object

__init__(index=None, columns=None, copy=True, level=None)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfResample(groupby=None,           columns=None,
                                                keep_others=False,      method=None,
                                                **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

method = 'resample'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfResetIndex(**kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseMethod

method = 'reset_index'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfRolling(groupby=None,           columns=None,
                                                keep_others=False,      method=None,
                                                **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

method = 'rolling'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfRowApply(func, **kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__(func, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfSample(**kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__(**kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.
```

```

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfSelectDtypes (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseMethod

    method = 'select_dtypes'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfSelectDtypesCols (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfSelectDtypes

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfSetIndex (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseMethod

    method = 'set_index'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfShift (groupby=None,           columns=None,
                                                keep_others=False,      method=None,
                                                **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

    method = 'shift'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfSlice (**kwargs)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (**kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfSortValues (**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseMethod

    method = 'sort_values'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfSpatialFeatures (output='distance',
                                                       coo_cols=['X',          'Y'],
                                                       groupby=None,
                                                       ord=None,
                                                       unit_distance=1.0,
                                                       affinity_scale=1.0,     bi-
                                                       nary_affinity=False,
                                                       min_affinity=1e-06,
                                                       col_name_fmt='feat_{:03d}', keep_others=True,
                                                       sort=True)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (output='distance', coo_cols=['X', 'Y'], groupby=None, ord=None, unit_distance=1.0, affinity_scale=1.0, binary_affinity=False, min_affinity=1e-06, col_name_fmt='feat_{:03d}', keep_others=True, sort=True)

        Available values for output: distance affinity laplacian eigenvalues eigenvectors n_connected

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfStrftime (cols, **kwargs)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (cols, **kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfTail (groupby=None,           columns=None,
                                                keep_others=False,      method=None,
                                                **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask

    method = 'tail'

```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfToDatetime (cols=None, **kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__ (cols=None, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfToTimedelta (cols, **kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__ (cols, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfTotalSeconds (cols, **kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__ (cols, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfTransform (groupby=None,      columns=None,
                                                 keep_others=False, method=None,
                                                 **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.DfBaseTask
method = 'transform'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.NestedDictToDf (row_oriented=True,      in-
                                                       index_name='index',      re-
                                                       set_index=True)
Bases: object

__init__ (row_oriented=True, index_name='index', reset_index=True)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.SrMap (**kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__ (**kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.affinity_matrix (coo_2darr,          ord=None,
                                                unit_distance=1.0,      affin-
                                                ity_scale=1.0, binary_affinity=False,
                                                min_affinity=1e-06, zero_diag=True)

pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.degree_matrix (affinity_2darr)

pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.distance_matrix (coo_2darr, ord=None)

pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.distance_to_affinity (dist_2darr, unit_distance=1.0,
                                                       affinity_scale=1.0,      bi-
                                                       nary_affinity=False,
                                                       min_affinity=1e-06)

pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.eigen (a,          return_values=True,      val-
                                         ues_as_square_matrix=False, return_vectors=False,
                                         sort=False)

pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.laplacian_eigen (coo_2darr,      return_values=True,
                                                 return_vectors=False,      ord=None,
                                                 unit_distance=1.0,      affin-
                                                 ity_scale=1.0, binary_affinity=False,
                                                 min_affinity=1e-06, sort=False)
```

```

pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.laplacian_matrix(coo_2darr,           ord=None,
                                                 unit_distance=1.0,      affinity=
                                                 affinity_scale=1.0,    binary_affinity=False,
                                                 min_affinity=1e-06)

pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.nested_dict_to_df(d,          row_oriented=True,      in-
                                                 dex_name='index',      re-
                                                 set_index=True)

pipelinex.extras.ops.pandas_ops.row_vector_to_square_matrix(a)

```

12.1.1.1.65 pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops module

```

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.CrossEntropyLoss2d(weight=None,
                                                       size_average=None,
                                                       ignore_index=-100,
                                                       reduce=None,    reduc-
                                                       tion='mean')

```

Bases: torch.nn.modules.loss.CrossEntropyLoss

forward(input, target)

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

ignore_index: int

```

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleAvg(*args:
                                                 torch.nn.modules.module.Module)
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleAvg(arg: OrderedDict[str; Module])

```

Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleListMerge

forward(input)

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

training: bool

```

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleBottleneck2d(in_channels,
                                                       out_channels,      ker-
                                                       nel_size=(1, 1),    stride=(1, 1),
                                                       mid_channels=None,
                                                       batch_norm=None,
                                                       activation=None,
                                                       **kwargs)

```

Bases: torch.nn.modules.container.Sequential

```
__init__(in_channels, out_channels, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), mid_channels=None,
batch_norm=None, activation=None, **kwargs)
```

Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConcat(*args:
```

```
torch.nn.modules.module.Module)
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConcat(arg: OrderedDict[str, Module])
```

```
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleListMerge
```

```
forward(input)
```

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConcatSkip(*modules)
```

```
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConcat
```

```
__init__(*modules)
```

Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap(batchnorm=None, activation=None, *args, **kwargs)
```

```
Bases: torch.nn.modules.container.Sequential
```

```
__init__(batchnorm=None, activation=None, *args, **kwargs)
```

Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

```
core = None
```

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleListMerge(*args:
```

```
torch.nn.modules.module.Module)
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleListMerge(arg: OrderedDict[str, Module])
```

```
Bases: torch.nn.modules.container.Sequential
```

```
forward(input)
```

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleProd(*args:
```

```
torch.nn.modules.module.Module)
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleProd (arg: OrderedDict[str, Module])
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleListMerge
```

forward(*input*)

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

training: bool

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleSum (*args:
```

torch.nn.modules.module.Module)

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleSum (arg: OrderedDict[str, Module])
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleListMerge
```

forward(*input*)

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

training: bool

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleSumSkip (*modules)
```

Bases: *pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleSum*

__init__(modules*)**

Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

training: bool

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.NLLLoss (weight=None, size_average=None,
ignore_index=-100, reduce=None, reduction='mean')
```

Bases: *torch.nn.modules.loss.NLLLoss*

The negative likelihood loss. To compute Cross Entropy Loss, there are 3 options. NLLoss with torch.nn.Softmax torch.nn.NLLLoss with torch.nn.LogSoftmax torch.nn.CrossEntropyLoss

forward(*input, target*)

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

ignore_index: int

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool1dMixIn(keepdim=False)
Bases: object

__init__(keepdim=False)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool2dMixIn(keepdim=False)
Bases: object

__init__(keepdim=False)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool3dMixIn(keepdim=False)
Bases: object

__init__(keepdim=False)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.StatModule(dim, keepdim=False)
Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module

__init__(dim, keepdim=False)
    Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.StepBinary(size, desc=False, compare=None,
                                                dtype=None)
Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module

__init__(size, desc=False, compare=None, dtype=None)
    Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.
    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorAvgPool1d(batchnorm=None,      ac-
                                                       tivation=None,      *args,
                                                       **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap

core
    alias of torch.nn.modules.pooling.AvgPool1d

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorAvgPool2d(batchnorm=None,      ac-
                                                       tivation=None,      *args,
                                                       **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap

core
    alias of torch.nn.modules.pooling.AvgPool2d
```

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorAvgPool3d(batchnorm=None, activation=None, *args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap*

```
core
```

alias of `torch.nn.modules.pooling.AvgPool3d`

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorClamp(min=None, max=None)
```

Bases: `torch.nn.modules.module.Module`

```
__init__(min=None, max=None)
```

Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

```
forward(input)
```

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the `Module` instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorClampMax(max=None)
```

Bases: `torch.nn.modules.module.Module`

```
__init__(max=None)
```

Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

```
forward(input)
```

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the `Module` instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorClampMin(min=None)
```

Bases: `torch.nn.modules.module.Module`

```
__init__(min=None)
```

Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

```
forward(input)
```

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the `Module` instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks

while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorConstantLinear (weight=1, bias=0)
Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module

__init__(weight=1, bias=0)
    Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.
    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorConv1d (batchnorm=None, activation=None, *args, **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap

core
    alias of torch.nn.modules.conv.Conv1d

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorConv2d (batchnorm=None, activation=None, *args, **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap

core
    alias of torch.nn.modules.conv.Conv2d

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorConv3d (batchnorm=None, activation=None, *args, **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap

core
    alias of torch.nn.modules.conv.Conv3d

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorCumsum (dim=1)
Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module

__init__(dim=1)
    Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.
    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks

while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorExp
```

Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module

```
forward(input)
```

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorFlatten
```

Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module

```
forward(input)
```

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorForward(func=None)
```

Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module

```
__init__(func=None)
```

Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

```
forward(input)
```

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalAvgPool1d(keepdim=False)
```

Bases: *pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool1dMixin*, *pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMean*

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalAvgPool2d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool2dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMean

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalAvgPool3d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool3dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMean

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalMaxPool1d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool1dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMax

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalMaxPool2d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool2dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMax

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalMaxPool3d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool3dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMax

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalMinPool1d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool1dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMin

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalMinPool2d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool2dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMin

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalMinPool3d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool3dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMin

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalRangePool1d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool1dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorRange

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalRangePool2d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool2dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorRange

    training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalRangePool3d(keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool3dMixIn, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorRange
```

```
training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalSumPool1d(keepdim=False)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool1dMixin, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorSum

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalSumPool2d(keepdim=False)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool2dMixin, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorSum

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorGlobalSumPool3d(keepdim=False)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.Pool3dMixin, pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorSum

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorIdentity
    Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module

forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.

    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the *Module* instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorLog
    Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module

forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.

    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the *Module* instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMax(dim, keepdim=False)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.StatModule, torch.nn.modules.module.Module

forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.

    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the *Module* instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks

while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMaxPool1d(batchnorm=None, activation=None, *args, **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap

core
    alias of torch.nn.modules.pooling.MaxPool1d

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMaxPool2d(batchnorm=None, activation=None, *args, **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap

core
    alias of torch.nn.modules.pooling.MaxPool2d

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMaxPool3d(batchnorm=None, activation=None, *args, **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.ModuleConvWrap

core
    alias of torch.nn.modules.pooling.MaxPool3d

training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMean(dim, keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.StatModule

forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.

    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool

class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorMin(dim, keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.StatModule, torch.nn.modules.module.Module

forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.

    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks

while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorNearestPad(lower=1, upper=1)
Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module
```

```
__init__(lower=1, upper=1)
    Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.
```

```
forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.
    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorProba(dim=1)
Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module
```

```
__init__(dim=1)
    Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.
```

```
forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.
    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorRange(dim, keepdim=False)
Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.StatModule, torch.nn.modules.module.Module
```

```
forward(input)
    Defines the computation performed at every call.
    Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
```

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorSkip
Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module
```

forward (*input*)
Defines the computation performed at every call.
Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

training: bool

class `pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorSlice` (*start=0, end=None, step=1*)
Bases: `torch.nn.modules.module.Module`

__init__ (*start=0, end=None, step=1*)
Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

forward (*input*)
Defines the computation performed at every call.
Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

training: bool

class `pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorSqueeze` (*dim=None*)
Bases: `torch.nn.modules.module.Module`

__init__ (*dim=None*)
Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.

forward (*input*)
Defines the computation performed at every call.
Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

training: bool

class `pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorSum` (*dim, keepdim=False*)
Bases: `pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.StatModule`

forward (*input*)
Defines the computation performed at every call.
Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks

while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
class pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.TensorUnsqueeze(dim)
    Bases: torch.nn.modules.module.Module
    __init__(dim)
        Initializes internal Module state, shared by both nn.Module and ScriptModule.
    forward(input)
        Defines the computation performed at every call.
        Should be overridden by all subclasses.
```

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
training: bool
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.as_tuple(x)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.element_wise_average(tt_list)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.element_wise_prod(tt_list)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.element_wise_sum(tt_list)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.nl_loss(input, *args, **kwargs)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.setup_conv_params(kernel_size=1, dilation=None,
                                                 padding=None, stride=None,
                                                 raise_error=False, *args,
                                                 **kwargs)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.step_binary(input, output_size, compare=<built-in
                                              method ge of type object>)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.tensor_max(input, dim, keepdim=False)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.tensor_min(input, dim, keepdim=False)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.to_array(input)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.to_channel_first_tensor(a)
pipelinex.extras.ops.pytorch_ops.to_channel_last_tensor(a)
```

12.1.1.1.66 pipelinex.extras.ops.shap_ops module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.shap_ops.ExplainModel(**kwargs)
    Bases: object
    __init__(**kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.
class pipelinex.extras.ops.shap_ops.Scale(**kwargs)
    Bases: object
```

```
__init__(**kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.
```

12.1.1.1.1.67 pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageMarkBoundaries(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationDictToDict

    fn = 'mark_boundaries'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationDictToDict(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.utils.DictToDict

    module = <module 'skimage.segmentation' from '/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_content/.../skimage/segmentation.py'>

class pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationFelzenszwalb(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationDictToDict

    fn = 'felzenszwalb'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationQuickshift(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationDictToDict

    fn = 'quickshift'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationSlic(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationDictToDict

    fn = 'slic'

class pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationWatershed(**kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.skimage_ops.SkimageSegmentationDictToDict

    fn = 'watershed'
```

12.1.1.1.1.68 pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops module

```
class pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.DfBaseTransformer(cols=None, target_col=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.ZeroToZeroTransformer

    __init__(cols=None, target_col=None, **kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

    fit(df)
    fit_transform(df)
        Fit to data, then transform it.

        Fits transformer to X and y with optional parameters fit_params and returns a transformed version of X.

    Parameters
        • X (array-like of shape (n_samples, n_features)) – Input samples.
        • y (array-like of shape (n_samples,) or (n_samples, n_outputs), default=None) – Target values (None for unsupervised transformations).
        • **fit_params (dict) – Additional fit parameters.
```

Returns `X_new` – Transformed array.

Return type ndarray array of shape (n_samples, n_features_new)

transform(`df`)

class `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.DfMinMaxScaler`(`cols=None, target_col=None, **kwargs`)
 Bases: `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.DfBaseTransformer`, `sklearn.preprocessing._data.MinMaxScaler`

class `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.DfQuantileTransformer`(`cols=None, target_col=None, **kwargs`)
 Bases: `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.DfBaseTransformer`, `sklearn.preprocessing._data.QuantileTransformer`

class `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.DfStandardScaler`(`cols=None, target_col=None, **kwargs`)
 Bases: `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.DfBaseTransformer`, `sklearn.preprocessing._data.StandardScaler`

class `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.DfTrainTestSplit`(`**kwargs`)
 Bases: `object`

__init__(`**kwargs`)
 Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.EstimatorTransformer`
 Bases: `sklearn.base.TransformerMixin`, `sklearn.base.BaseEstimator`

class `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.ZeroToZeroTransformer`(`zero_to_zero=False, **kwargs`)
 Bases: `pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.EstimatorTransformer`

__init__(`zero_to_zero=False, **kwargs`)
 Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

fit_transform(`X`)
 Fit to data, then transform it.
 Fits transformer to `X` and `y` with optional parameters `fit_params` and returns a transformed version of `X`.

Parameters

- **`X`**(array-like of shape (n_samples, n_features)) – Input samples.
- **`y`** (array-like of shape (n_samples,) or (n_samples, n_outputs), default=None) – Target values (None for unsupervised transformations).
- **`**fit_params`**(dict) – Additional fit parameters.

Returns `X_new` – Transformed array.

Return type ndarray array of shape (n_samples, n_features_new)

transform(`X`)

`pipelinex.extras.ops.sklearn_ops.extract_from_df(df, cols, target_col)`

12.1.1.1.1.69 pipelinex.extras.transformers package

12.1.1.2 pipelinex.flex_kedro package

12.1.1.2.1 Subpackages

12.1.1.2.1.1 pipelinex.flex_kedro.context package

12.1.1.2.1.2 Submodules

12.1.1.2.1.3 pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.context module

12.1.1.2.1.4 pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_catalog_context module

```
class pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_catalog_context.FlexibleCatalogContext(package_name,
project_path,
env=None,
extra_params)
```

Bases: kedro.framework.context.context.KedroContext

Convert Kedrex's Syntactic Sugar to pure Kedro Catalog.

12.1.1.2.1.5 pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_context module

```
class pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_context.FlexibleContext(*args,
**kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_parameters_context.FlexibleParametersContext,
pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_catalog_context.FlexibleCatalogContext, pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_run_context.FlexibleRunContext
project_name = 'KedroProject'
project_version = '0.17.1'
```

```
class pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_context.MLflowFlexibleContext(*args,
**kwargs)
```

Bases: pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_context.FlexibleContext

Deprecated alias for FlexibleContext for backward-compatibility

12.1.1.2.1.6 pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_parameters_context module

```
class pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_parameters_context.FlexibleParametersContext(*args,
**kwargs)
```

Bases: kedro.framework.context.context.KedroContext

__init__(*args, **kwargs)

Create a context object by providing the root of a Kedro project and the environment configuration sub-folders (see `kedro.config.ConfigLoader`)

Raises `KedroContextError` – If there is a mismatch between Kedro project version and package version.

Parameters

- **package_name** – Package name for the Kedro project the context is created for.
- **project_path** – Project path to define the context for.
- **env** – Optional argument for configuration default environment to be used for running the pipeline. If not specified, it defaults to “local”.
- **extra_params** – Optional dictionary containing extra project parameters. If specified, will update (and therefore take precedence over) the parameters retrieved from the project configuration.

property params

Read-only property referring to Kedro’s parameters for this context.

Return type Dict[str, Any]

Returns

Parameters defined in *parameters.yml* with the addition of any extra parameters passed at initialization.

run (*args, **kwargs)

Runs the pipeline with a specified runner.

Parameters

- **tags** – An optional list of node tags which should be used to filter the nodes of the Pipeline. If specified, only the nodes containing *any* of these tags will be run.
- **runner** – An optional parameter specifying the runner that you want to run the pipeline with.
- **node_names** – An optional list of node names which should be used to filter the nodes of the Pipeline. If specified, only the nodes with these names will be run.
- **from_nodes** – An optional list of node names which should be used as a starting point of the new Pipeline.
- **to_nodes** – An optional list of node names which should be used as an end point of the new Pipeline.
- **from_inputs** – An optional list of input datasets which should be used as a starting point of the new Pipeline.
- **to_outputs** – An optional list of output datasets which should be used as an end point of the new Pipeline.
- **load_versions** – An optional flag to specify a particular dataset version timestamp to load.
- **pipeline_name** – Name of the Pipeline to execute. Defaults to “`__default__`”.

Raises

- **KedroContextError** – If the resulting Pipeline is empty or incorrect tags are provided.
- **Exception** – Any uncaught exception will be re-raised after being passed to `on_pipeline_error`.

Returns Any node outputs that cannot be processed by the DataCatalog. These are returned in a dictionary, where the keys are defined by the node outputs.

`pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_parameters_context.import_modules(modules=None)`

12.1.1.2.1.7 pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_run_context module

```
class pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_run_context.FlexibleRunContext(package_name,
                                                                           project_path,
                                                                           env=None,
                                                                           ex-
                                                                           tra_params=None)

Bases:          pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.save_pipeline_json_context.
SavePipelineJsonContext, pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_run_context.
StringRunnerOptionContext,                                pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.
flexible_run_context.OnlyMissingOptionContext

class pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_run_context.OnlyMissingOptionContext(package_name,
                                                                           project_path,
                                                                           env=None,
                                                                           ex-
                                                                           tra_params=None)

Bases: kedro.framework.context.KedroContext

Users can override the remaining methods from the parent class here, or create new ones (e.g. as required by
plugins)

run(tags=None,    runner=None,    node_names=None,    from_nodes=None,    to_nodes=None,
     from_inputs=None, load_versions=None, pipeline_name=None, only_missing=False)
    Runs the pipeline with a specified runner.
```

Parameters

- **tags** (Optional[Iterable[str]]) – An optional list of node tags which should be used to filter the nodes of the Pipeline. If specified, only the nodes containing *any* of these tags will be run.
- **runner** (Optional[AbstractRunner]) – An optional parameter specifying the runner that you want to run the pipeline with.
- **node_names** (Optional[Iterable[str]]) – An optional list of node names which should be used to filter the nodes of the Pipeline. If specified, only the nodes with these names will be run.
- **from_nodes** (Optional[Iterable[str]]) – An optional list of node names which should be used as a starting point of the new Pipeline.
- **to_nodes** (Optional[Iterable[str]]) – An optional list of node names which should be used as an end point of the new Pipeline.
- **from_inputs** (Optional[Iterable[str]]) – An optional list of input datasets which should be used as a starting point of the new Pipeline.
- **load_versions** (Optional[Dict[str, str]]) – An optional flag to specify a particular dataset version timestamp to load.
- **pipeline_name** (Optional[str]) – Name of the Pipeline to execute. Defaults to “`__default__`”.
- **only_missing** (bool) – An option to run only missing nodes.

Raises

- **KedroContextError** – If the resulting Pipeline is empty or incorrect tags are provided.

- **Exception** – Any uncaught exception will be re-raised after being passed to ``on_pipeline_error``.

Return type Dict[str, Any]

Returns Any node outputs that cannot be processed by the DataCatalog. These are returned in a dictionary, where the keys are defined by the node outputs.

```
class pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.flexible_run_context.StringRunnerOptionContext(package_name,
project_path,
env=None,
extra_params=...)
```

Bases: kedro.framework.context.context.KedroContext

Allow to specify runner by string.

run (*args, runner=None, **kwargs)

Runs the pipeline with a specified runner.

Parameters

- **tags** – An optional list of node tags which should be used to filter the nodes of the Pipeline. If specified, only the nodes containing *any* of these tags will be run.
- **runner** (Union[AbstractRunner, str, None]) – An optional parameter specifying the runner that you want to run the pipeline with.
- **node_names** – An optional list of node names which should be used to filter the nodes of the Pipeline. If specified, only the nodes with these names will be run.
- **from_nodes** – An optional list of node names which should be used as a starting point of the new Pipeline.
- **to_nodes** – An optional list of node names which should be used as an end point of the new Pipeline.
- **from_inputs** – An optional list of input datasets which should be used as a starting point of the new Pipeline.
- **to_outputs** – An optional list of output datasets which should be used as an end point of the new Pipeline.
- **load_versions** – An optional flag to specify a particular dataset version timestamp to load.
- **pipeline_name** – Name of the Pipeline to execute. Defaults to “`__default__`”.

Raises

- **KedroContextError** – If the resulting Pipeline is empty or incorrect tags are provided.
- **Exception** – Any uncaught exception will be re-raised after being passed to ``on_pipeline_error``.

Return type Dict[str, Any]

Returns Any node outputs that cannot be processed by the DataCatalog. These are returned in a dictionary, where the keys are defined by the node outputs.

12.1.1.2.1.8 pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.save_pipeline_json_context module

```
class pipelinex.flex_kedro.context.save_pipeline_json_context.SavePipelineJsonContext(package,
                                                                 project_name,
                                                                 env=NameEnv,
                                                                 extra_params)
```

Bases: kedro.framework.context.context.KedroContext

12.1.1.2.1.9 pipelinex.flex_kedro.pipeline package

12.1.1.2.1.10 Submodules

12.1.1.2.1.11 pipelinex.flex_kedro.pipeline.pipeline module

```
class pipelinex.flex_kedro.pipeline.pipeline.FlexiblePipeline(nodes, *, parameters_in_inputs=False,
                                                               module='',
                                                               decorator=[],
                                                               **kwargs)
```

Bases: kedro.pipeline.pipeline.Pipeline

```
__init__(nodes, *, parameters_in_inputs=False, module='', decorator=[], **kwargs)
        Initialise Pipeline with a list of Node instances.
```

Parameters

- **nodes** – The iterable of nodes the Pipeline will be made of. If you provide pipelines among the list of nodes, those pipelines will be expanded and all their nodes will become part of this new pipeline.
- **tags** – Optional set of tags to be applied to all the pipeline nodes.

Raises

- **ValueError** – When an empty list of nodes is provided, or when not all nodes have unique names.
- **CircularDependencyError** – When visiting all the nodes is not possible due to the existence of a circular dependency.
- **OutputNotUniqueError** – When multiple Node instances produce the same output.
- **ConfirmNotUniqueError** – When multiple Node instances attempt to confirm the same dataset.

Example:

```
from kedro.pipeline import Pipeline
from kedro.pipeline import node

# In the following scenario first_ds and second_ds
# are data sets provided by io. Pipeline will pass these
# data sets to first_node function and provides the result
# to the second_node as input.
```

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```

def first_node(first_ds, second_ds):
    return dict(third_ds=first_ds+second_ds)

def second_node(third_ds):
    return third_ds

pipeline = Pipeline([
    node(first_node, ['first_ds', 'second_ds'], ['third_ds']),
    node(second_node, dict(third_ds='third_ds'), 'fourth_ds')])

```

pipeline.describe()

12.1.1.2.1.12 pipelinex.flex_kedro.pipeline.sub_pipeline module

```

class pipelinex.flex_kedro.pipeline.sub_pipeline.SubPipeline(inputs=None,
outputs=None,
func=None,
module="", decorator=None,
intermedi-
ate_node_name_fmt='{}_{:03d}',
**kwargs)

```

Bases: kedro.pipeline.pipeline.Pipeline

```

_init_(inputs=None, outputs=None, func=None, module="", decorator=None, intermedi-
ate_node_name_fmt='{}_{:03d}', **kwargs)

```

Initialise Pipeline with a list of Node instances.

Parameters

- **nodes** – The iterable of nodes the Pipeline will be made of. If you provide pipelines among the list of nodes, those pipelines will be expanded and all their nodes will become part of this new pipeline.
- **tags** – Optional set of tags to be applied to all the pipeline nodes.

Raises

- **ValueError** – When an empty list of nodes is provided, or when not all nodes have unique names.
- **CircularDependencyError** – When visiting all the nodes is not possible due to the existence of a circular dependency.
- **OutputNotUniqueError** – When multiple Node instances produce the same output.
- **ConfirmNotUniqueError** – When multiple Node instances attempt to confirm the same dataset.

Example:

```

from kedro.pipeline import Pipeline
from kedro.pipeline import node

# In the following scenario first_ds and second_ds
# are data sets provided by io. Pipeline will pass these

```

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```
# data sets to first_node function and provides the result
# to the second_node as input.

def first_node(first_ds, second_ds):
    return dict(third_ds=first_ds+second_ds)

def second_node(third_ds):
    return third_ds

pipeline = Pipeline([
    node(first_node, ['first_ds', 'second_ds'], ['third_ds']),
    node(second_node, dict(third_ds='third_ds'), 'fourth_ds')])
]

pipeline.describe()
```

12.1.1.2.2 Submodules

12.1.1.2.3 pipelinex.flex_kedro.configure module

```
pipelinex.flex_kedro.configure.configure_source(project_path, source_dir='src')
pipelinex.flex_kedro.configure.load_context(project_path, **kwargs)
```

Return type KedroContext

12.1.1.3 pipelinex.hatch_dict package

12.1.1.3.1 Submodules

12.1.1.3.2 pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict module

```
class pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.Construct(obj)
Bases: object

__init__(obj)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.Get(*args, **kwargs)
Bases: pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.Method

method = 'get'

class pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.HatchDict(egg,           lookup={},           sup-
                                                port_nested_keys=True,
                                                self_lookup_key='$',           sup-
                                                port_import=True,           addi-
                                                tional_import_modules=['pipelinex'],
                                                obj_key='=', eval_parentheses=True)
Bases: object

__init__(egg, lookup={}, support_nested_keys=True, self_lookup_key='$', support_import=True,
        additional_import_modules=['pipelinex'], obj_key='=', eval_parentheses=True)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

get(key=None, default=None, lookup={})
```

```
Return type Any

get_params()
items()
keys()

class pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.Method(*args, **kwargs)
Bases: object

__init__(*args, **kwargs)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

method = None

class pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.ToPipeline(*args)
Bases: object

__init__(*args)
    Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.dot_flatten(d)
pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.feed(func, args)
pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.load_obj(obj_path, default_obj_path="")
    Extract an object from a given path. :type obj_path: str :param obj_path: Path to an object to be extracted, including the object name. :type default_obj_path: str :param default_obj_path: Default object path.

Return type Any

Returns Extracted object.

Raises AttributeError – When the object does not have the given named attribute.

pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.pass_(*argsignore, **kwargsignore)
pipelinex.hatch_dict.hatch_dict.pass_through(*args, **kwargs)
```

12.1.1.4 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro package

12.1.1.4.1 Subpackages

12.1.1.4.1.1 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.datasets package

12.1.1.4.1.2 Subpackages

12.1.1.4.1.3 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.datasets.mlflow package

12.1.1.4.1.4 Submodules

12.1.1.4.1.5 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.datasets.mlflow.mlflow_dataset module

```
class pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.datasets.mlflow.mlflow_dataset.MLflowDataSet(dataset=None,
filepath=None,
dataset_name=None,
saving_tracking_uri=None,
saving_experiment_name=None,
saving_run_id=None,
loading_tracking_uri=None,
loading_run_id=None,
caching=True,
copy_mode=None,
file_caching=True)
```

Bases: `kedro.io.core.AbstractDataSet`

`MLflowDataSet` saves data to, and loads data from MLflow.

You can also specify a `MLflowDataSet` in catalog.yml

Example:

```
test_ds:
  type: MLflowDataSet
  dataset: pkl
```

```
__init__(dataset=None, filepath=None, dataset_name=None, saving_tracking_uri=None, saving_experiment_name=None, saving_run_id=None, loading_tracking_uri=None, loading_run_id=None, caching=True, copy_mode=None, file_caching=True)
```

Parameters

- **dataset** (`Union[AbstractDataSet, Dict, str, None]`) – Specify how to treat the dataset as an MLflow metric, parameter, or artifact.
 - If set to “p”, the value will be saved/loaded as an MLflow parameter (string).
 - If set to “m”, the value will be saved/loaded as an MLflow metric (numeric).
 - If set to “a”, the value will be saved/loaded based on the data type.

- * If the data type is either {float, int}, the value will be saved/loaded as an MLflow metric.
 - * If the data type is either {str, list, tuple, set}, the value will be saved/load as an MLflow parameter.
 - * If the data type is dict, the value will be flattened with dot (“.”) as the separator and then saved/loaded as either an MLflow metric or parameter based on each data type as explained above.
 - If set to either {"json", "csv", "xls", "parquet", "png", "jpg", "jpeg", "img", "pkl", "txt", "yml", "yaml"}, the backend dataset instance will be created accordingly to save/load as an MLflow artifact.
 - If set to a Kedro DataSet object or a dictionary, it will be used as the backend dataset to save/load as an MLflow artifact.
 - If set to None (default), MLflow logging will be skipped.
- **filepath** (Optional[str]) – File path, usually in local file system, to save to and load from. Used only if the dataset arg is a string. If None (default), <temp directory>/<dataset_name arg>. <dataset arg> is used.
 - **dataset_name** (Optional[str]) – Used only if the dataset arg is a string and filepath arg is None. If None (default), Python object ID is used, but will be overwritten by MLflowCatalogLoggerHook.
 - **saving_tracking_uri** (Optional[str]) – MLflow Tracking URI to save to. If None (default), MLFLOW_TRACKING_URI environment variable is used.
 - **saving_experiment_name** (Optional[str]) – MLflow experiment name to save to. If None (default), new experiment will not be created or started. Ignored if saving_run_id is set.
 - **saving_run_id** (Optional[str]) – An existing MLflow experiment run ID to save to. If None (default), no existing experiment run will be resumed.
 - **loading_tracking_uri** (Optional[str]) – MLflow Tracking URI to load from. If None (default), MLFLOW_TRACKING_URI environment variable is used.
 - **loading_run_id** (Optional[str]) – MLflow experiment run ID to load from. If None (default), current active run ID will be used if available.
 - **caching** (bool) – Enable caching if parallel runner is not used. True in default.
 - **copy_mode** (Optional[str]) – The copy mode used to copy the data. Possible values are: “deepcopy”, “copy” and “assign”. If not provided, it is inferred based on the data type. Ignored if caching arg is False.
 - **file_caching** (bool) – Attempt to use the file at filepath when loading if no cache found in memory. True in default.

12.1.1.4.1.6 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.decorators package

12.1.1.4.1.7 Submodules

12.1.1.4.1.8 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.decorators.mlflow_logger module

`pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.decorators.mlflow_logger.mlflow_log_time(func)`

A function decorator which logs the time taken for executing a function.

Parameters `func` (Callable) – The function to be logged.

Return type Callable

Returns A wrapped function, which will execute the provided function and log the running time.

12.1.1.4.1.9 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks package

12.1.1.4.1.10 Subpackages

12.1.1.4.1.11 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow package

12.1.1.4.1.12 Submodules

12.1.1.4.1.13 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_artifacts_logger module

`class pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_artifacts_logger.MLflowArtifactsLogger`

Bases: object

Logs artifacts of specified file paths and dataset names to MLflow

`__init__(filepaths_before_pipeline_run=None, filepaths_after_pipeline_run=None, datasets_after_node_run=None, enable_mlflow=True)`

Parameters

- `filepaths_before_pipeline_run` (Optional[List[str]]) – The file paths of artifacts to log before the pipeline is run.
- `filepaths_after_pipeline_run` (Optional[List[str]]) – The file paths of artifacts to log after the pipeline is run.
- `datasets_after_node_run` (Optional[List[str]]) – The dataset names to log after the node is run.
- `enable_mlflow` (bool) – Enable logging to MLflow.

`after_node_run(node, catalog, inputs, outputs)`

`after_pipeline_run(run_params, pipeline, catalog)`

`before_pipeline_run(run_params, pipeline, catalog)`

12.1.1.4.1.14 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_basic_logger module

```
class pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_basic_logger.MLflowBasicLoggerHook(uri=uri,  
ex-  
per-  
i-  
ment,  
ar-  
ti-  
fact_,  
run_id=run_id,  
off=off,  
set_h=set_h,  
en-  
able_=enable_,  
en-  
able_=enable_,  
en-  
able_=enable_,  
log-  
ging_=logging_,  
en-  
able_=enable_)
```

Bases: object

Configures and logs duration time for the pipeline to MLflow

```
__init__(uri=None, experiment_name=None, artifact_location=None, run_name=None, offset_hours=0, enable_logging_time_begin=True, enable_logging_time_end=True, enable_logging_time=True, logging_kedro_run_params=[], enable_mlflow=True)
```

Parameters

- **uri** (Optional[str]) – The MLflow tracking server URI. *uri* arg fed to: https://www.mlflow.org/docs/latest/python_api/mlflow.html#mlflow.set_tracking_uri
 - **experiment_name** (Optional[str]) – The experiment name. *name* arg fed to: https://www.mlflow.org/docs/latest/python_api/mlflow.html#mlflow.create_experiment
 - **artifact_location** (Optional[str]) – *artifact_location* arg fed to: https://www.mlflow.org/docs/latest/python_api/mlflow.html#mlflow.create_experiment
 - **run_name** (Optional[str]) – Shown as ‘Run Name’ in MLflow UI.
 - **offset_hours** (float) – The offset hour (e.g. 0 for UTC+00:00) to log in MLflow. 0 in default.
 - **enable_logging_time_begin** (bool) – Enable logging the time the Kedro pipeline began. True in default.
 - **enable_logging_time_end** (bool) – Enable logging the time the Kedro pipeline ended. True in default.
 - **enable_logging_time** (bool) – Enable logging the time duration the Kedro pipeline ran. True in default.
 - **logging_kedro_run_params** (Union[List[str], str]) – List of Kedro Run Params to log to MLflow or “**__ALL__**” to log all. [] (Empty) in default.

- **enable_mlflow**(bool) – Enable configuring and logging to MLflow.

```
after_catalog_created()
after_pipeline_run(run_params, pipeline, catalog)
before_pipeline_run(run_params, pipeline, catalog)

pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_basic_logger.get_timestamp(dt=None,
off-
set_hours=0,
fmt='%Y-
%m-
%dT%H:%M:%S')

pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_basic_logger.get_timestamp_int(dt=None,
off-
set_hours=0)

pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_basic_logger.get_timestamps(dt=None,
off-
set_hours=0)
```

12.1.1.4.1.15 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_catalog_logger module

```
class pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_catalog_logger.MLflowCatalogLoggerHook
```

Bases: object

Logs datasets to MLflow

```
__init__(auto=True, mlflow_catalog={}, enable_mlflow=True)
```

Parameters

- **auto** (bool) – If True, each dataset (Python func input/output) not listed in the catalog
- **be logged following the same rule as "a" option below.** (*will*) –
- **mlflow_catalog** (Dict[str, Union[str, AbstractDataSet]]) – [Deprecated in favor of MLflowDataSet] Specify how to log each dataset
- **func input/output** ((Python) –
 - If set to “p”, the value will be saved-loaded as an MLflow parameter (string).
 - If set to “m”, the value will be saved-loaded as an MLflow metric (numeric).
 - If set to “a”, the value will be saved-loaded based on the data type.
 - * If the data type is either {float, int}, the value will be saved-loaded as an MLflow metric.
 - * If the data type is either {str, list, tuple, set}, the value will be saved/load as an MLflow parameter.
 - * If the data type is dict, the value will be flattened with dot (“.”) as the separator and then saved-loaded as either an MLflow metric or parameter based on each data type as explained above.

- If set to either {"json", "csv", "xls", "parquet", "png", "jpg", "jpeg", "img", "pkl", "txt", "yml", "yaml"}, the backend dataset instance will be created accordingly to save/load as an MLflow artifact.
- If set to a Kedro DataSet object or a dictionary, it will be used as the backend dataset to save/load as an MLflow artifact.
- If set to None (default), MLflow logging will be skipped.
- **enable_mlflow** (bool) – Enable logging to MLflow.

after_node_run (node, catalog, inputs, outputs)
before_pipeline_run (run_params, pipeline, catalog)

Return type None

```
pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_catalog_logger.get_kedro_runner()
pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_catalog_logger.mlflow_log_dataset(dataset,
en-
able_mlflow=True)
pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_catalog_logger.running_parallel()
```

12.1.1.4.1.16 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_datasets_logger module

```
class pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_datasets_logger.MLflowDataSetsLoggerHook
Bases: object

Logs datasets of (list of) float/int and str classes to MLflow

__init__(enable_mlflow=True)

    Parameters enable_mlflow (bool) – Enable logging to MLflow.

    after_node_run (node, catalog, inputs, outputs)

class pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_datasets_logger.MLflowOutputsLoggerHook
Bases: pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_datasets_logger.MLflowDataSetsLoggerHook

Deprecated alias for MLflowOutputsLoggerHook
```

12.1.1.4.1.17 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_env_vars_logger module

```
class pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_env_vars_logger.MLflowEnvVarsLoggerHook
Bases: object

Logs environment variables to MLflow

__init__(param_env_vars=None, metric_env_vars=None, prefix=None, enable_mlflow=True)

    Parameters
```

- **param_env_vars** (Optional[List[str]]) – Environment variables to log to MLflow as parameters
- **metric_env_vars** (Optional[List[str]]) – Environment variables to log to MLflow as metrics
- **prefix** (Optional[str]) – Prefix to add to each name of MLflow parameters and metrics (“env..” in default)
- **enable_mlflow** (bool) – Enable logging to MLflow.

after_pipeline_run()

before_pipeline_run()

```
pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_env_vars_logger.env_vars_to_dict(env_vars=[],  
                                pre-  
                                fix="")
```

```
pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_env_vars_logger.log_metric_env_vars(env_vars=[],  
                                pre-  
                                fix="",  
                                en-  
                                able_mlflow=
```

```
pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_env_vars_logger.log_param_env_vars(env_vars=[],  
                                pre-  
                                fix="",  
                                en-  
                                able_mlflow=
```

12.1.1.4.1.18 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_time_logger module

```
class pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_time_logger.MLflowTimeLoggerHook(gantt_filepath=None,  
                                         gantt_params={},  
                                         metric_name_prefix='_time_to_run',  
                                         task_name_func=<function get_task_name>,  
                                         time_log_filepath=None,  
                                         enable_plotly=True,  
                                         enable_mlflow=True)
```

Bases: object

Logs duration time to run each node (task) to MLflow. Optionally, the execution logs can be visualized as a Gantt chart by *plotly.figure_factory.create_gantt* (https://plotly.github.io/plotly.py-docs/generated/plotly.figure_factory.create_gantt.html) if *plotly* is installed.

```
__init__(gantt_filepath=None, gantt_params={}, metric_name_prefix='_time_to_run',  
        task_name_func=<function get_task_name>, time_log_filepath=None,  
        enable_plotly=True, enable_mlflow=True)
```

Parameters

- **gantt_filepath** (Optional[str]) – File path to save the generated gantt chart.

- **gantt_params** (Dict[str, Any]) – Args fed to: https://plotly.github.io/plotly.py-docs/generated/plotly.figure_factory.create_gantt.html
- **metric_name_prefix** (str) – Prefix for the metric names. The metric names are *metric_name_prefix* concatenated with the string returned by *task_name_func*.
- **task_name_func** (Callable[[Node], str]) – Callable to return the task name using `kedro.pipeline.node.Node` object.
- **time_log_filepath** (Optional[str]) – File path to save the time log in JSON format.
- **enable_plotly** (bool) – Enable visualization of logged time as a gantt chart.
- **enable_mlflow** (bool) – Enable logging to MLflow.

```
after_node_run(node, catalog, inputs, outputs)
after_pipeline_run(run_params, pipeline, catalog)
before_node_run(node, catalog, inputs)
load_time_dict(key)
update_time_dict(key, d)

pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_time_logger.dump_dict(filepath,
d)
pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_time_logger.load_dict(filepath)
```

12.1.1.4.1.19 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_utils module

```
pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_utils.mlflow_end_run(enable_mlflow=True)
pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_utils.mlflow_log_artifacts(paths,
ar-
ti-
fact_path=None,
en-
able_mlflow=True)

pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_utils.mlflow_log_metrics(metrics,
step=None,
en-
able_mlflow=True)

pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_utils.mlflow_log_params(params,
en-
able_mlflow=True)

pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_utils.mlflow_log_values(d, en-
able_mlflow=True)

pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.hooks.mlflow.mlflow_utils.mlflow_start_run(uri,
experi-
ment_name,
arti-
fact_location,
run_name=None,
en-
able_mlflow=True)
```

12.1.1.4.1.20 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.transformers package

12.1.1.4.1.21 Subpackages

12.1.1.4.1.22 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.transformers.mlflow package

12.1.1.4.1.23 Submodules

12.1.1.4.1.24 pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.transformers.mlflow.mlflow_io_time_logger module

```
class pipelinex.mlflow_on_kedro.transformers.mlflow.mlflow_io_time_logger.MLflowIOTimeLogger
```

Bases: `kedro.io.transformers.AbstractTransformer`

Log duration time to load and save each dataset.

```
__init__(enable_mlflow=True, metric_name_prefix='_time_to_')
```

Parameters

- `enable_mlflow` (bool) – Enable logging to MLflow.
- `metric_name_prefix` (str) – Prefix for the metric names. The metric names are `metric_name_prefix` concatenated with ‘load <data_set_name>’ or ‘save <data_set_name>’

```
load(data_set_name, load)
```

This method will be deprecated in Kedro 0.18.0 in favour of the Dataset Hooks `before_dataset_loaded` and `after_dataset_loaded`.

Wrap the loading of a dataset. Call `load` to get the data from the data set / next transformer.

Parameters

- `data_set_name` (str) – The name of the data set being loaded.
- `load` (Callable[[], Any]) – A callback to retrieve the data being loaded from the data set / next transformer.

Return type

Any

Returns The loaded data.

```
save(data_set_name, save, data)
```

This method will be deprecated in Kedro 0.18.0 in favour of the Dataset Hooks `before_dataset_saved` and `after_dataset_saved`.

Wrap the saving of a dataset. Call `save` to pass the data to the data set / next transformer.

Parameters

- `data_set_name` (str) – The name of the data set being saved.
- `save` (Callable[[Any], None]) – A callback to pass the data being saved on to the data set / next transformer.
- `data` (Any) – The data being saved

Return type

None

12.1.2 Submodules

12.1.3 pipelinex.utils module

```
class pipelinex.utils.DictToDict (**kwargs)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (**kwargs)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

    fn = None

    module = None

class pipelinex.utils.ItemGetter (item)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (item)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

class pipelinex.utils.TransformCompose (transforms)
    Bases: object

    __init__ (transforms)
        Initialize self. See help(type(self)) for accurate signature.

pipelinex.utils.dict_io (func)

    Return type Callable

pipelinex.utils.dict_of_list_to_list_of_dict (dict_of_list)
pipelinex.utils.list_of_dict_to_dict_of_list (list_of_dict)
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